

No.B.11013/4/2021/DTE-IND (PLG)
GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM
DIRECTORATE OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRIES
AIZAWL :: MIZORAM

Khatla, Aizawl - 796001
Date: December 20, 2024

To,

The Principal Adviser-Cum-Additional Secretary,
Planning & Programme Implementation Department,
Government of Mizoram.

Subject: Information for Economic Survey Report of India, 2024-2025 reg.

Ref. :- Letter No.G.28014/60/2022 – PLG (RDB), Dt.12.12.2024.

Sir,

With reference to your letter no. cited above, I have the honour to submit herewith information for Economic Survey of India, 2024-2025 for favour of your kind information and further necessary action.

Enclo: As above.
(Soft & Hard copy)

Yours faithfully,

(MARIA C.T. ZUALI)
Director,
Directorate of Commerce & Industries

Memo No.B.11013/4/2021/DTE-IND (PLG):Dated Aizawl the 20th December, 2024.

Copy to:-

Under Secretary to the Govt. of Mizoram, Commerce & Industries department for information.

Director,
Directorate of Commerce & Industries

ECONOMIC SURVEY REPORT FOR 2024-25 ON COMMERCE & INDUSTRIES

DEPARTMENT

The Department is headed by the Secretary to the Government of Mizoram at the Government Level and the Director at Directorate Level under whose supervision the 3 (three) Wings of the Department viz. Industrial Development Wing, Commerce Wing and Handloom, Textiles and Handicrafts function. There are Boards such as KVI (Khadi and Village Industries) headed by their Board of Directors, and Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs) such as ZOHANDCO (Zoram Handloom and Handicrafts Development Corporation), ZIDCO (Zoram Industrial Development Corporation), MIFPA (Mizoram Food Processing Agency), and MAMCO (Mizoram Agricultural Marketing Corporation) headed by their respective Chairman and Managing Directors, and society such as BDA (Bamboo Development Agency) which operate under the aegis of the Commerce & Industries Department.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT WING

➤ **Sectoral Overview (Industrial Sector):**

Industrialization in Mizoram is rather slow owing to absence of many prerequisite factors for industrial development. Even though the geographical location and topography of the state is not congenial for industrial development, the sector has slowly made a significant contribution in the GSDP.

Among the Industry Sector Construction Sector is the main contributor. The contribution of the manufacturing sector is still very low. The service sector industries are the main contributors to GSDP.

➤ **Scope, Mission and Vision of the Department:**

❖ **Scope-**

The following are the scopes of the Department:-

1. To create infrastructure facilities, provide incentives and marketing as well as technical support to industries.
2. To create employment opportunities particularly to the vulnerable section of the society and people in rural area, ensuring inclusive development.
3. To provide skill development and training for educated youth to develop entrepreneurial skills and make them self-employed.
4. To attract investment in the state.
5. To reduce procedural formalities to speed up industrialization.
6. To reduce sectoral and regional imbalance in the industrial development in the State by promoting industries under all sectors.
7. To create proper linkage of processing industries with the farm produce of agriculture, horticulture, forest and livestock.

❖ **Mission-**

To develop industrial sector in the State of Mizoram through better infrastructures; better and improved manpower; providing guidance to local industry owner show to produce higher quality of produces; creation of competitive mind among local entrepreneurs for industrial growth and development.

To regulate trade, to construct markets for selling of agricultural and allied products, to generate employment opportunities through marketing business, to construct Border Trade Centres and Border Trade Townships and to promote International, Inter-State and local trade.

Commerce & Industries Department (Commerce Wing) provides important services to the people of Mizoram for movement of agricultural and allied products by means of issuing permits for movement of agricultural produce through inter-state border for carrying in and out of agricultural and allied products. Citizens shall obtain movement permit for agricultural produce only through proper channel i.e. from the Directorate of Commerce & Industries Department (Commerce Wing) and District Offices at Lunglei, Champhai and Kolasib. No citizen shall transfer his/her permit to any other persons.

Allotment of seats and stalls at various markets has been done on subject to availability of vacant seats and stalls. Rate of fees and rentals vary according to the items of trade selected and location of shops rented.

Disposal of Market Garbage for a period of 12months and before the end of 12 months, fresh Tender Notice will be publicized for the subsequent term. Citizens/service recipients are expected to abide by the Rules and Regulations framed by the Government / Commerce and Industries Department (Commerce Wing) from time to time.

❖ **Vision-**

Prosperity of the State through the promotion, regulation and development of trade and commerce; to achieve long term and sustainable industrial development, specially under MSME Sector; to motivate local entrepreneurs; to enhance quality of produces for better income; better utilization of natural resources and other available resources ; create more employment opportunities for local people, both direct and indirect.

Creation of investment opportunities to attract investment in the state to augment industrialization and economy of the state.

Ensuring prosperity and progress of the state through promotion, regulation and development of trade and commerce.

- **Details of all ongoing schemes, projects, etc. under the Department clearly showing Estimate Amount, Sanction Amount, physical and financial achievement:**

❖ **Industrial Areas:**

The State Government with its limited resources and geographical disadvantages had earmarked and developed industrial areas with basic infrastructure. These industrial areas, though not fully provided with required infrastructure, will solve the problem of industrial land for entrepreneurs desirous of starting Industrial unit to a great extent. Allotment of industrial plots in various industrial areas has been made as per the Mizoram Industrial Areas (Management, Regulation and Control) Act 2008 according to which allottees are levied one time allotment fee of ₹ 20/sq.mtrs and an annual fee of ₹ 3/sq.mtrs, which are submitted to the state government.

The following table show different industrial areas and their respective status:-

Sl. No.	Industrial Area	Total Area (in bighas)	Present Status
1	Industrial Estate, Zuangtui	314.70	Out of 235 demarcated, 200 plots are allotted to 167 Industrial units.
2	Industrial Growth Centre, Luangmual	766.42	53 Nos. Of plots are allotted to 53 units and expected to accommodate some more enterprise
3	Export Promotion Industrial Park, Lengte	1390.22	32 plots had been developed and allotted 14 Nos. Of plot to 14 units which are now in operation and expected to accommodate some more enterprise.
4	Bamboo Technology Park, Sairang	130.13	Utilised by Venus Bamboo and BDA for bamboo processing plant
5	Integrated Infrastructure Development centre (IIDC), Pukpui	76.68	Out of 10 plot demarcated, 4 units were given plots.
6	Integrated Infrastructure Development centre (IIDC), Champhai Zote	74.12	Temporarily allotted for District Session Court for 5 year (w.e.f. 2017) and 2 Nos. Of unit allotted.
7	Industrial Estate, Hmunhmeltha, Champhai	104.40	Yet to be developed
8	Industrial Estate, Bairabi	26.20	Allotted MAMSOL Apex bank for marketing ginger spices etc.
9	Industrial Area, Pangbalkawn (for Saw Mill)	18.97	1 unit allotted for Saw Mill

10	Industrial Estate, Meidum (for Saw Mill)	9.97	2 Nos. Of units allotted for Saw Mill
11	Industrial Estate, Kolasib	32.33	Some portion are utilised as District Industries Centre and yet to be developed for allotment to some entrepreneurs
12	Industrial Estate, Serchhip, Sailiamkawn	72.52	Yet to be developed
13	Industrial Estate, Bilkhawthlir	4.66	Yet to be developed
14	Industrial Estate, Lawngtlai	21.45	Partially developed

Projects undertaken by the department:

1) Upgradation of IGC, Luangmual and EPIP Lengte (Rainwater Harvesting):

Completed execution of Upgradation of IGC, Luangmual and EPIP Lengte (Rainwater Harvesting) under CSS Scheme of Promotion of MSMEs in NER & Sikkim Scheme, Ministry of MSME costing ₹ 19.56 Crore.

The project consists of one 30 lakh litre reservoir tank and two 5 lakh litre distribution tank for IGC, Luangmual and EPIP, Lengte respectively. It also consists of solar powered water pumping system and the necessary distribution lines to cater to most of the existing industrial units in the industrial areas.

Current Status:

IGC Luangmual: All works have been completed and preparations are being made to commission the project and initiate distribution of water.

EPIP Lengte: Distribution line to one 5 lakh litre tank is pending due to court case regarding land ownership. All other works have been completed.

2) Development of Flatted Factory Complex:

Submitted and Obtained approval of 4 nos. of project, viz., Development of Flatted Factory Complex at IGC, Luangmual, IIDC Pukpui, Lunglei, IIDC Zote, Champhai and DIC Complex, Kolasib amounting to ₹ 44.88 Crore under the Promotion of MSMEs in NER & Sikkim Scheme, Ministry of MSME.

The project aims to provide a cost-effective way for micro and small sized businesses to establish a manufacturing presence avoiding huge investment for construction of their own standalone facilities.

All four projects are currently under execution since 29th Sept, 2023 and are planned to be completed within 2 years.

Salient features of the project are as below:

IGC Luangmual : ₹ 9.9845

- 1) Contractor : M/s C.B. Engineering.
- 2) Carpet area : 2676.01sqm/28805.30sq. ft
- 3) The complex will consist of the following:
 - (i) Type I Space (30sqm/322.92 sq ft) : 10
 - (ii) Type II Space (35 sqm/376.74 sq ft) : 5
 - (iii) Type III Space (47 sqm/505.9 sq ft) : 12
 - (iv) Type IV Space (23 sqm/ 247.57 sq ft): 3
 - (v) Factory office : 3

TOTAL : 30 nos. of factory space.

4) Other Features:

- (i) Weigh Bridge.
- (ii) Dedicated transformer 250KVA.
- (iii) Solar Street light.

IIDC Pukpui, Lunglei : ₹ 9.9796 Cr

- 1) Contractor : M/s F. Hrangvela Infrastructure,
- 2) Carpet area : 1948.5sqm/20973.48sq. ft
- 3) The complex will consist of the following:
 - (i) Type I Space (30sqm/322.92 sq ft) : 10
 - (ii) Type II Space (35 sqm/376.74 sq ft): 5
 - (iii) Type III Space (47 sqm/505.9 sq ft): 7
 - (iv) Type IV Space (23 sqm/ 247.57 sq ft): 2
 - (v) Factory office : 2

TOTAL : 24 nos. of factory space.

IIDC Zote, Champhai : ₹ 9.9336 Cr

- 1) Contractor : M/s F. Hrangvela Infrastructure
- 2) Carpet area : 1948.5sqm/20973.48sq. ft
- 3) The complex will consist of the following:
 - (i) Type I Space (30sqm/322.92 sq ft) : 10
 - (ii) Type II Space (35 sqm/376.74 sq ft) : 5
 - (iii) Type III Space (47 sqm/505.9 sq ft) : 7
 - (iv) Type IV Space (23 sqm/ 247.57 sq ft) : 2
 - (v) Factory office : 2

TOTAL : 24 nos. of factory space

DIC Complex, Kolasib : ₹ 14.9900 Cr

- 1) Contractor : M/s F. Hrangvela Infrastructure
- 2) Carpet area : 2922.75sqm/31460.22sq. ft
- 3) The complex will consist of the following:
 - (i) Type I Space (30sqm/322.92 sq ft) : 15
 - (ii) Type II Space (35 sqm/376.74 sq ft): 5
 - (iii) Type III Space (47 sqm/505.9 sq ft): 12
 - (iv) Type IV Space (23 sqm/ 247.57 sq ft): 3
 - (v) Factory office : 3
 - TOTAL : 35 nos. of factory space
- 4) Other Features :
 - (i) Marketing outlet : 8 nos.
 - i. Type I space (41 Sqm/441.32 s ft): 2
 - ii. Type II space (38 Sqm/409 sq ft) : 6
 - (ii) Weigh Bridge.
 - (iii) Dedicated transformer 250KVA.
 - (iv) Solar Street light.

Current Status: The construction of flatted factory complexes has been started and the current status is as under:

FCC at IGC Luangmual	: 37.86% completed
FCC at IIDC Pukpui	: 42.86% completed
FCC at IIDC Zote	: 50.71% completed
FCC at DIC Complex Kolasib	: 36.43% completed

3) Upgradation of IGC, Luangmual and EPIP Lengte under SASCI 2022-23:

Submitted and Obtained approval of Upgradation of IGC, Luangmual and EPIP Lengte under SASCI 2022-23 funding amounting to Rs.20.76 Crore.

This project aims to develop the existing basic infrastructure, i.e., roads and power utility lines along with the protection of the boundary of IGC Luangmual and EPIP Lengte respectively with fencing works. It also includes a GIS based asset management of the boundary of the whole industrial area and its subsequent plot boundaries.

Current Status:

Civil works of the project is being undertaken by ZIDCO

4) Common Facility Center for Baktawng Wood Carpentry Cluster:

Common Facility Center for Baktawng Wood Carpentry Cluster, Serchhip District, Mizoram at the cost of ₹ 535.00 lakhs was funded by the Ministry of MSME under Micro Small and Medium Enterprises – Cluster Development Programme.

The project aims in making the Baktawng Wood Carpentry Cluster a common household name in the whole of North East India in manufacturing High Quality Durable Wooden. It will also generate pool of skilled artisans on a regular basis and a pool of young entrepreneurs not only in Baktawng village but the whole state of Mizoram.

The project consists of construction of a common facility centre fitted with the necessary wood-working machineries and tools and its necessary utilities. Handholding support of the artisans is also included.

It is being implemented by Indian Institute of Entrepreneurship, Guwahati and supply of the machineries and tools is currently underway.

- 5) Collected revenue of ₹ **19,33,425.00** for annual fees and allotment fees of Industrial Estate, Zuangtui, IGC, Luangmual and EPIP, Lengte for the FY 2023-24

❖ **Details of on going project under infrastructure section-**

S/N	Name of Projects	Estimate Amount	Sanction Amount	Physical Achievement	Financial Achievement
1	Construction of Flatted Factory Complex at IGC Luangmual under Promotion of MSMEs in NER and Sikkim.	9,98,45,000.00	4,99,22,500.00	37.86 %	19.40%
2	Construction of Flatted Factory Complex at IIDC Pukpui Lunglei under Promotion of MSMEs in NER and Sikkim.	9,97,96,000.00	4,98,98,000.00	42.86%	18.43%
3	Construction of Flatted Factory Complex at IIDC Zote Champhai under Promotion of MSMEs in NER and Sikkim.	9,93,36,000.00	4,84,68,000.00	50.71%	23.51%
4	Construction of Flatted Factory Complex at DIC Complex Kolasib under Promotion of MSMEs in NER and Sikkim.	14,99,00,000.00	7,49,50,000.00	36.43%	21.62%
5	Upgradation of IGC Luangmual & EPIP Lengte under SASCI (Part-II) 2022-23.	20.76 crore	20.76 crore	22.72%	10%

❖ **Pradhan Mantri Formalization of Micro Food Processing Enterprises (PMFME) Scheme-**

INTRODUCTION OF THE SCHEME

Pradhan Minister's Formalization of Micro Food Processing Enterprises(PMFME)Scheme is a Centrally Sponsored scheme launched by the Ministry of Food Processing Industries(MoFPI), Government of India on 29th June 2020 over a period from 2020-21 to 2024-25 with an outlay of Rs.10,000 crore.

STATE NODAL AGENCY AND STATE PROJECT MANAGEMENT UNIT:

For implementation of the Scheme, Directorate of Commerce & Industries, Government of Mizoram is designated as State Nodal Agency(SNA). SNA then further appointed Mizoram Food & Allied Industries Corporation Ltd (MIFCO) as State Project Management Unit(SPMU) to support SNA on full time basis with regards to the PMFME scheme. SPMU is currently headed by PuZosangliana, General Manager MIFCO.

MzSRLM and DAY-NULM:

There is provisions for Seed Capital @Rs.40,000/- per member under MzSRLM and DAY NULM (UD&PA) for capital investment and purchase of small tools essential for running their businesses.

STATE LEVEL TECHNICAL INSTITUTE:

To enhance food processing activities in Mizoram and for the better implementation of the PMFME scheme, Mizoram Food Processing Research and Training Centre (MFPRTC) under Pu Joseph L Ralte, Centre Director was approved as the State Level Technical Institute (SLTI). Common Incubation Centre (CIC) was set up in MFPRTC, wherein PMFME beneficiaries and District Resource Persons are given training with regards to food processing.

DISTRICT RESOURCE PERSON:

District Resources Persons are appointed by SNA for providing handholding support to the beneficiaries. Handholding support may be in the form of preparation of DPR, taking bank loan, support for obtaining necessary registration and licences including food standards of FSSAI, Udyog Aadhar, GST etc.

LOAN &CREDIT LINKED SUBSIDY:

Under this scheme Individual micro food processing units would be provided credit linked subsidy @35% of the eligible project cost not exceeding 10 lakh.

SANCTION AMOUNT

SNA Mizoram had received fund from both MoFPI (Centre share) and the State Government (State share). The following depicts fund received by the SNA:-

- (i) From the Central government i.e, MoFPI (Centre share)
- **Rs.10,42,43,000/-**
- (ii) From the State Government (State share) - **Rs. 70,27,000/-**

❖ Prime Minister Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP)-

PMEGP is a scheme initiated by the Government of India to facilitate self-employment opportunities. Under the Ministry of MSME, KVIC serves as the nodal agency at the national level, while at the state level, it's managed by State KVIC, State KVIB, and District Industries Centre (DIC).

PMEGP operates as a Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme. In rural areas, 35% of the project cost is subsidized, while in urban areas, it's 25%. Additionally, individuals contribute 5% of the project cost (except for those in the North Eastern Region). Banks finance 60% or 70% of the project cost through loans.

For Mizoram residents, if a project faces difficulties due to regulations or market dynamics, recovery might be challenging, leading to cautious credit decisions by financial institutions. However, recent data shows improvement: in the fiscal year 2020-2021, 48% of the allocated funds were disbursed, increasing to 50% in 2021-2022 and further to 72% in 2022-2023. In 2023-2024, despite a drop to 43%, the Commerce & Industries department, along with MKVIB, approved Bank-wise targets through SLBC. The SLBC Convener now sets Bank-wise targets. Challenges notwithstanding, both banks and implementing agencies work towards efficient credit decisions.

Regarding PMEGP challenges, the Forward & Backward Linkage Fund plays a crucial role. The Government of India contributes 5% to this fund, which supports various activities such as awareness campaigns, EDP training sessions, DLMC meetings, and advertisements. During the specified period, the funds are allocated through the District Convener to facilitate program implementation, thereby alleviating any operational challenges. Additionally, going forward, these funds will be made available through cash memo reimbursement, which is appreciated.

The MSME Handholding Cell, established by the government, aims to address PMEGP-related issues, fostering a supportive environment for aspiring entrepreneurs.

❖ Ease of Doing Business (EoDB)-

EoDB basically means making it easy and convenient for the citizens and business to avail Government Services with ease. It basically refers to availing citizen centric and business services from the comfort of your home in online mode. Ease of Doing Business refers to the level of simplicity, efficiency, and transparency with which businesses can operate within a specific economic environment or country. It encompasses a range of factors and indicators that measure the ease with which entrepreneurs and businesses can start, run, and grow their ventures.

Key factors that contribute to the ease of doing business include:

1. **Starting a business:** The simplicity and efficiency of procedures, time, and cost involved in establishing a new business, such as business registration, obtaining licenses and permits, and fulfilling legal requirements.
2. **Dealing with construction permits:** The efficiency of obtaining construction permits, complying with building regulations, and ensuring timely completion of construction projects.
3. **Getting electricity:** The ease of obtaining a reliable electricity connection, including the efficiency of the application process, connection time, and cost.
4. **Registering property:** The efficiency of property registration processes, including transparency of property rights, ease of property transfer, and resolving property disputes.
5. **Getting credit:** The availability and accessibility of credit facilities, including the efficiency of credit information systems, collateral regulations, and the ease of obtaining loans.
6. **Protecting investors:** The strength and effectiveness of investor protection mechanisms, including shareholder rights, disclosure requirements, and ease of resolving disputes.
7. **Paying taxes:** The efficiency of tax systems, including the simplicity of tax procedures, tax rates, and the ease of filing tax returns.
8. **Trading across borders:** The efficiency and simplicity of customs procedures, documentation requirements, and the overall ease of importing and exporting goods.
9. **Enforcing contracts:** The efficiency and effectiveness of the judicial system in resolving commercial disputes and enforcing contractual obligations.
10. **Resolving insolvency:** The efficiency and effectiveness of insolvency frameworks, including the ease of initiating bankruptcy proceedings, recovering debts, and distributing assets.

Action taken under EoDB Project in Mizoram

Sl. No.	Actionable	Status
1	Mizoram EODB Act 2022	The Mizoram Ease of Doing Business Act 2022 has been passed by the State Legislative Assembly in March 2022 budget session and the same has been notified on 31.03.2022.
2	Mizoram EODB Rules 2023	The Mizoram Ease of Doing Business Rules 2023 has been notified on 08.09.2023.
3	Business Reform Action Plan (BRAP) 2022	A total of 113 reform points out of 352 reform points could be submitted with some of the reforms being presented as “Not Applicable” to the state of Mizoram. The reforms submitted are currently being evaluated by the concerned DPIIT team. No rankings have been published in BRAP 2022 so far.
4	Business Reform Action Plan (BRAP) 2024	BRAP 2024 has been circulated by DPIIT with 287 reforms for State/UT. The reforms have been mapped and circulated to 18 concerned stakeholders/departments and a meeting has been convened by Secretariat of Commerce & Industries Department. The reforms are to be promptly taken up with deadline of 15 th September, 2024.

❖ North East Industrial Development Scheme (NEIDS), 2017-

North East Industrial Development Scheme (NEIDS), 2017 covers eligible industrial units in the manufacturing and service sectors Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Tripura and Sikkim to promote industrialization and boost employment and income generation. It is implemented by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce & Industries, Govt. of India.

Scheme duration

The Scheme is valid from 01.04.2017 to 31.03.2022.

Components

The scheme provides –

- (i) Central Capital Investment Incentive (30% of the investment in plant & machinery with an upper limit of Rs. 5 crore)
- (ii) Central Interest Incentive (3% interest on working capital for 5 years)

- (iii) Central Comprehensive Insurance Incentive (Reimbursement of 100% insurance premium for 5 years)
- (iv) Income Tax Reimbursement of centre's share for 5 years,
- (v) GST reimbursement of Central Govt. share of CGST & IGST for 5 years
- (vi) Employment Incentive under which additional 3.67% of the employer's contribution to EPF in addition to Govt. bearing 8.33% Employee Pension Scheme (EPS) contribution of the employer in PMRPY and
- (vii) Transport incentive on finished goods movement by Railways (20% cost of the transportation), by Inland Waterways Authority (20% of the cost of transportation) & by air (33% of cost transportation of air freight) from the station/port/airport nearest to unit to the station/port/airport nearest to the destination point.

Under this scheme, a single unit can avail overall benefits up to Rs. 200 Crores.

Status in the state of Mizoram

A total of twenty three (23) industrial units were approved for registration under NEIDS, 2017, and DPIIT had sanctioned a total amount of Rs. 16,07,60,285/- for disbursement to five (5) industrial units namely – M/s Aqua Plus, M/s Rest Inn, M/s Quality Inn, M/s GIG Automobile Repairing Centre and M/s Zotres Hospitals Pvt. Ltd. The claims of eight (8) industrial units will be considered by the State Level Committee (SLC) after the end of the Model Code of Conduct (MCC).

❖ Raising and Accelerating MSME Productivity (RAMP)-

Raising and Accelerating MSME Performance (RAMP) is a World Bank supported Programme under Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MoMSME) which seeks to support States to develop and implement strategic programmes for MSMEs for a period of 5 (five) years commencing from 2022-23 to 2026-27.

The Commerce & Industries Department, Government of Mizoram had conducted a diagnostic exercise and develop a Strategic Investment Plan (SIP) for the state defining main gaps, priorities for intervention and use of existing National and State schemes (including convergence of non-MSME schemes), and critical actions that need financing through the RAMP Programme engaging a consultant agency namely, M/s Angel Business Promoters of Mizoram (ABPM) vide No. B.17012/7/2022-DTE-C&I (POL) dated the 10th July 2023.

The Strategic Investment Plan (SIP) prepared by the consulting agency was duly approved by the State RAMP Programme Committee (SRPC) on 11th August 2023 and the said SIP was forwarded to the Ministry of MSME vide No. B.17012/8/2023-DTE-C&I (RAMP) dated the 14th August 2023 for further approval.

The RAMP Programme Committee (RPC) headed by Secretary, MoMSME on its meeting held on 10th November, 2023 have approved the Strategic Investment Plan (SIP) of Mizoram with a total project cost of Rs. 37.36 crore to implement in the state of Mizoram. However, due to paucity of funds in the current financial year, 40% of the total approved funding amount i.e. Rs. 14.94 crore has been released as first installment and was transferred to the State Nodal Agency (SNA) account vide No. F.NoL/AF/2023/RAMP/SIP/Cycle1/Mizoram dated the 12th December 2023.

The State RAMP Programme Committee (SRPC) selected M/s Angel Business Promoters of Mizoram (ABPM) as the State Programme Implementation Unit (SPIU) on 17th January 2024 to implement the approved Strategic Investment Plan (SIP) for the state of Mizoram, and implementation is underway.

❖ **State Incentive Subsidy (SIS)-**

Point 5:1 of “The Mizoram Industrial Policy, 2012” mentions regarding State Incentive Subsidy Scheme under which 9 (nine) types of incentive components are given, namely:

Sl. No.	Name of subsidy	Eligibility	Amount Claimable
1	Subsidy on Cost of Project Report	New industrial units established within 5 years of their existence	(i) 90% for micro enterprises with a ceiling of Rs. 5,000 per unit. (ii) 75% for small enterprises with a ceiling of Rs. 25,000 per unit. (iii) 50% for medium enterprises with a ceiling of Rs. 50,000 per unit.
2	Land Subsidy	New industrial unit established within a notified industrial area within 5 years of its existence.	(i) 25% of the lease charge/fee for allotted developed or undeveloped land will be subsidized for a period of 5 years, provided that the subsidy is claimed and adjusted at the time of paying the fee or charges. (ii) 25% of the amount spent by the unit on developing undeveloped allotted land will be subsidized.

3	Factory Rent Subsidy	New MSME occupying factory sheds within a designated industrial area on a monthly or annual rent basis will receive subsidized rent for a period of 5 years from the start of production.	50 per cent of the assessed rent for the factory shed, with a ceiling of Rs. 30,000 per unit per year.
4	Man Power Development Subsidy	New and existing Industrial units	50% of the actual course fee for training with a ceiling of Rs. 10,000 per trainee and Rs. 50,000 per unit per year.
5	Interest Subsidy	New Industrial unit	(i) The interest paid by an industrial unit on loans exceeding 8.5 per cent will be subsidized up to a maximum of 4 per cent. (ii) The subsidy for interest paid by an industrial unit on term loans is limited to a maximum claim of Rs. 3,60,000 per year. For working capital loans, the subsidy can be claimed on interest payments up to Rs. 1,20,000 per year. (iii) If the unit avails interest subsidy under NEIIPP, only the shortfall amount, if any, will be eligible for interest subsidy on working capital loans.
6	Power Subsidy	New MSME for a period of 5yrs from the date of commencement of production	(i) 60 per cent of the total expenditure on power consumption for micro enterprises. (ii) 50 per cent of the total expenditure on power consumption for small enterprises. (iii) 30 per cent of the total expenditure on power consumption for medium enterprises..
7	Subsidy on Power Line	New MSME for a period of 5yrs from the date of commencement of production	50 per cent of the actual expenditure to a ceiling of Rs. 50,000/- per unit.
8	Subsidy on Power Generating Set	New MSME for a period of 5yrs from the date of commencement of production	50 per cent of the cost of Captive generating set and installation charge thereof subject to a ceiling of Rs. 3,00,000/- per unit.
9	State Transport Subsidy on Plant & Machineries	New MSME for a period of 5yrs from the date of commencement of production	50 per cent of the actual cost of transportation by railway or on road or both of plants and machineries.

Disbursement during the FY 2023-2024:

The State Level Committee (SLC) to consider claims on Interest Subvention (IS) and State Incentive Subsidy (SIS) under Commerce & Industries Department held on 6th March, 2023 approved and released Interest Subvention (IS) claim by 46 industrial units and State Incentive Subsidy (SIS) claim of 38 Industrial Units amounting to a total of Rs. 73,46,954.50/-. The breakdown is given as below:

1. Interest Subvention (IS): Interest Subvention claim of 46 industrial unit amounting to Rs. 12,64,382/- was released.
2. State Incentive Subsidy (SIS): The total SIS claims of 38 Industrial units amounts to Rs. 10,313,335/-. However, due to paucity of funds, the claims of SIS by 38 industrial units are approved and released as under:
 - a. Industrial units whose claim amount is less than Rs. 2,70,000/- which cover 24 industrial units were paid in full. This amounts to Rs. 18,80,789/-.
 - b. Industrial units whose claim amount is more than Rs. 2,70,000 which cover 14 industrial units were paid in half (i.e. 50%). This amounts to Rs. 42,01,783.50/-.

Accordingly, a total of Rs. 60,82,572.50/- was released to the aforementioned 38 industrial units as the first installment under SIS. The remaining 50% of claims mentioned in 'b', amounting to Rs. 42,30,762.50/-, which has already been sanctioned, will be disbursed to 15 industrial units as the second installment after the end of the Model Code of Conduct (MCC).

Current status of SIS Claims

The Directorate of Commerce & Industries Department had received approximately 36 claims under State Incentive Subsidy (SIS) amounting to Rs. 1,58,41,051/- as of 15th May, 2024.

❖ **Uttar Poorva Transformative Industrialization (UNNATI) Scheme, 2024-**

Government of India has formulated New Industrial Development Scheme, UNNATI (Uttar Poorva Transformative Industrialization Scheme), 2024 as a Central Sector Scheme for the development of Industries and generation of employment in the states of North East Region. The scheme's main objective is to generate gainful employment, which will lead to the area's overall socio-economic development. It will create productive economic activity in the manufacturing and service sectors. It is to be implemented by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry, GoI.

Expenditure involved

The financial outlay of the proposed scheme is Rs.10,037 crore for the scheme period from the date of notification for 10 years. (Additional 8 years for committed liabilities). This will be a Central Sector Scheme. The scheme is proposed to be divided into two parts. Part, A caters to the incentives to the eligible units (Rs. 9737 crores), and Part B, is for implementation and institutional arrangements for the scheme. (Rs. 300 Crore).

Targets

The proposed scheme envisages approximately 2180 applications, and it is anticipated that direct employment opportunities of about 83,000 will be generated during the scheme period. A significant number of indirect employment is also expected to be generated.

Salient features of the scheme

1. **Scheme period:** The scheme will be effective from the date of Notification i.e. 09.03.2034 and up to 31.03.2034 along with 8 years of committed liabilities.
2. **Application period for registration:** Industrial unit will be allowed to apply for registration from the date of notification i.e. 09.03.2034 up to 31.03.2026
3. **Grant of registration:** All applications for registration shall have to be disposed of by 31.03.2027
4. **Commencement of Production or operation:** All eligible Industrial Units to commence their production or operation within 4 years from the grant of registration.
5. **Districts are categorized in two zones:** Zone A (Industrially Advanced Districts) & Zone B (Industrially Backward Districts)
6. **Earmarking of funds:** 60% of the outlay of Part A has been earmarked to 8 NE states and 40% on First-In-First-Out (FIFO) basis.
7. For Micro industries (defined as per MSME industry norms), the P&M calculation will include the building construction and P&M costs for Capital Investment Incentive.
8. All new Industrial units and Expanding units would be eligible for the respective incentives.

Implementation strategy:

DPIIT will implement the scheme in cooperation with the states. Implementation will be overseen by following committees at the national and state levels.

1. The Steering Committee, headed by the Secretary, DPIIT (SIIT), will decide upon any interpretation of the scheme within its overall financial outlay and issue detailed guidelines for execution.
2. State Level Committee, headed by the state's Chief Secretary, will monitor implementation, checks and balances, ensuring transparency and efficiency.
3. Secretary Level Committee, headed by the senior Secretary of the state (Industries), will be responsible for implementing the scheme, including the recommendation of registration and incentives claims.

Benefits of the Scheme

The following incentives will be available under the scheme to investors for setting up new units or undertaking significant expansion of existing units.

Sl. No.	Where GST is applicable	Where GST is not applicable
1	<u>Capital Investment Incentive (For Both New & Expanding Units):</u> Zone A: 30% of eligible value of investment in plant and machinery/construction of building & durable physical assets with cap of Rs. 5Cr. Zone B: 50% of eligible value of investment in plant and machinery / construction of building & durable physical assets with cap of Rs. 7.5 Cr.	<u>Capital Investment Incentive (For Both New & Expanding Units):</u> Zone A: 30% of eligible value of investment in plant and machinery / construction of building & durable physical assets with cap of Rs. 10 Cr. Zone B: 50% of eligible value of investment in plant and machinery / construction of building & durable physical assets with cap of Rs. 10 Cr.
2	<u>Central Capital Interest Subvention (For Both New & Expanding Units):</u> Zone A: 3% interest subvention offered for 7 years	<u>Central Capital Interest Subvention (For Both New & Expanding Units):</u> Zone A: 3% interest subvention offered for 7 years

	Zone B: 5% interest subvention offered for 7 years	Zone B: 5% interest subvention offered for 7 years
3	<u>Manufacturing & Services linked incentive (MSLI)</u> – For New Units only – linked to Net Payment of GST, i.e., GST paid less Input Tax Credit with upper limit of Zone A: 75% of eligible value of investment in P&M Zone B: 100% of eligible value of investment in P&M	
Maximum Eligible benefits to one unit from all components of the scheme: Rs. 250 Cr.		

Current status in the state of Mizoram

The Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT) had classified all the districts of Mizoram as Zone B except Serchhip and Lunglei. However, the state had requested DPIIT to re-classify all the districts of Mizoram as Zone B.

➤ **Industrial Registration:**

Summarized of Udyam Registration Unit by NIC Code with No. Employees (2023-2024)				
District Wise				
Sl. No.	Name of District	No. of Registered Unit during the year MSME	Investment MSME (during the year) (Rs. In Lakh)	Persons employed
1	Aizawl	5482	48,381.58	28679
2	Lunglei	898	9,385.71	3748
3	Siaha	139	552.35	444
4	Lawngtlai	332	2,352.71	3412
5	Serchhip	641	3,315.22	2518
6	Champhai	746	4,159.24	2651
7	Mamit	357	2,047.57	4977
8	Kolasib	846	7,718.32	3412
	Total	9441	77,912.70	49841

TEXTILES, HANDLOOMS & HANDICRAFTS WING

Handloom, Textiles & Handicrafts occupies a unique and important place in the indigenous textiles culture of Mizoram. After agriculture, handloom industry is one emerging sector that has generated huge employment for the skilled and unskilled labors. Mizoram has huge potential for investment particularly in the field of textiles and handicrafts. Due to its inherent strength for skilled work force and locally available raw materials, this sector is developing a lot in the state through several projects in the central sector as well as available financial assistance in the state plan scheme. The Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India is implementing several projects for the development and welfare handloom weavers in the country.

- Project implemented under National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP) under Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India is as below :

I. Cluster Development Programme (CDP) : The following CDPs are being implemented

1. Buanhmun CDP
2. S.Tuipui CDP
3. Tuirial CDP
4. Lunglei East CDP
5. Khawzawl CDP
6. Sailam CDP
7. Lungrang CDP
8. E.Lungdar CDP
9. Darzo CDP
10. Kawnpui CDP
11. E.Tuipui CP
12. Sesawng CDP

II. Small Cluster Development Programme (SCDP) : The following SCDPs are being implemented

1. Mualthuam North SCDP
2. Kanghmun South SCDP
3. Thingsulthliah SCDP
4. Mimbung SCDP

III. Market Promotion Scheme under NHDP : Under this component following expos are organized in various district of the state

1. State handloom Expo (SHE)
2. District Handloom Expo (DHE)

- NEC :

1. Mara Handloom & Weaving Centre at Council Vaih, Siaha under Special Development Project :

The total approved project cost is Rs.4.94 crore. The project target mainly to impart skill upgradation training on weaving to unemployed youths especially women within Siaha district. The project will increase the income of the rural weavers of the remote areas and it will help direct impact on the socio economic status of women in the community.

COMMERCE WING

1. **Sectoral Overview** – Realizing the agricultural sectors form the economic backbone of the state, provisions on agricultural Marketing through regulation and facilitation of agricultural marketing were made in order to safeguard the interest of marginal farmers. Besides, as envisaged in the Mizoram Accord of 1986, Border Trade with the friendly neighbouring countries was allocated to Commerce Wing under Commerce & Industries Department.

Under the Govt. of Mizoram Allocation of Business Rules, 2019, the following functions/ business are allocated to Commerce Wing under Commerce & Industries Department –

- 1) Promotion and Regulation of Trade & Commerce subject to provision of entry 33 of list in the 7th Schedule of the Constitution.
- 2) Trading by Non-Tribal (Regulation) Act, 1974 and Rules there under.
- 3) Border Trades.
- 4) Regulated Markets and Market Yards.
- 5) Village Market.
- 6) Inter-State-Trade.
- 7) Collection of toll taxes on roads/bridges connecting India and foreign countries.
- 8) The Competition Act, 2002.
- 9) Export strategy of the State.
- 10) Price regulation of meat, vegetables, cereals.

In order to have efficient and effective administration and management of Markets in Mizoram, the Mizoram Market (Regulation & Facilitation) Act, 2022 was passed in the Mizoram Legislative Assembly and Notified in the official Gazette on 31.03.2022 and Rules thereon is under preparation.

2. **Achievement made in the Sector** –

- 1) **Agricultural Marketing:** Other than promotion of Agri-marketing in established markets, the Department act as facilitator in disposal of surplus products such as Cabbage, Tomato, Watermelon etc., so that the local farmers get remuneration price.
- 2) **Inter-State Trade:** Permits for movement of Agricultural produces beyond and into the state of Mizoram have been issued by Commerce & Industries Department (Commerce Wing) as per provision of **The Mizoram Agriculture Products (Prohibition of Movement) (Amendment) Order, 1999**, and Checkgates were opened at - (1) Vairengte (2) Kanhmun and (3) Bairabi. The Department collected revenue from these Checkgates in terms of permit fee and

Checkgate pass. Opening of new Checkgate at more places will earn more revenue for the state in future.

During 2023-2024, the Department collected Revenue ₹ **118,20,710.00** from the target of ₹ **200.00 lakh**. Implementation of Mizoram Market (Regulation & Facilitation) Act, 2022 is also expected to earn more revenue for the State in future.

3. Brief write-up of Implementation of Schemes/ Projects –

- a) **Special Assistance to states under Capital Expenditure/ Investment during 2020-2021:** A fund amounting to Rs. 15.00 crore has been received from Special Assistance to states under Capital Expenditure/Investment (SASCE/SASCI) for Infrastructure Development for Border Trade Facilitation at LCS Zokhawthar during 2020-2021. **80%** of works has been completed as on 9th October, 2024.
- b) **NEC:**
- For construction of Lunglei Market and Trade Centre, NEC has approved **Rs. 14.03 crore** and implementation of the project is taken up by Mizoram PWD. **60 %** of works has been completed on 9th October, 2024.
 - For construction of Agriculture Market Building at West Phaileng, NEC has approved **Rs. 278.25 lakh** and implementation of the project is taken up by Mizoram PWD. **27%** of works has been completed on September, 2024.
- c) **State Schemes Project:**
- 1) **Aizawl City Centre Annexe:** This is a part of State Schemes Projects with an estimated amount of **Rs. 36.41 crore** and the Project will be completed on January, 2025. **75%** of works completed on 20th August, 2024.
 - 2) **IIPC Hnahthial:** Construction of Integrated Industrial Promotion Centre (IIPC) at Hnahthial with an estimated amount of **Rs. 846.77 lakh** is on-going project from the State fund. **31%** of works completed on 20th August, 2024.

4. Problems and Opportunities and future Prospects:

The agricultural practices in Mizoram have been steady transforming from that of subsistence farming to commercial cultivation. The existing various market areas are very congested and there is limited space for further extension to tune with the changing situation. Besides, more man power is needed to stringent rules and regulations to control prices, management of markets and collection of more revenue, etc. Being located in a remote area and lack of export infrastructures, the people of Mizoram have little knowledge in the process of export and import activities. Speedy development of border trade infrastructure is needed to keep pace with neighboring States.

Presently, Commerce Wing looks after and managed **159** markets directly or indirectly and three Check gates for agriculture produces within Mizoram, construction of Market Infrastructures at various cities, towns, villages and roadsides are of great significance for farmers, traders and consumers as they provide livelihood and employment to thousands of families and earn revenue from these markets which further contributes in the State Economy.

Providing Trade facilities and conducting Export Awareness Programme and Development of Border Trade infrastructure such as LCS, ICP and Border Haat is expected to increase export and commercial activities with foreign Countries and the State of Mizoram can also act as a trade route for neighboring countries which will have a great impact on economy of the State.

I. Sectoral Statistics/ Brief Write-up:

1. Trade Policies and trade facilitation:

The Department use to conduct export orientation program such as Buyer Seller Meet and Export Awareness Program which is found to be very effective program for exporters and entrepreneurs. For export facilitation, the Department constructed Trade Facilitation Centre at Tlabung and Lawngtlai and for skill development, the department also constructed and established **Mizoram Food Processing, Research and Training Centre (MFPRTC) at Seling**. In addition, a fund amounting to Rs. 15.00 crore has been received from Special Assistance to states under Capital Expenditure/Investment (SASCE/SASCI) for Infrastructure Development for Border Trade Facilitation at LCS Zokhawthar during 2020-2021. **80%** of works has been completed on 20th August, 2024.

2. Border Trade with Myanmar and Bangladesh:

Development of Border Trade Infrastructure is one of the main activities of the Department. The Department has been actively facilitating construction of infrastructures for the development of Border Trade along boundaries with countries of Myanmar and Bangladesh.

(a) Border Trade with Myanmar :

For the improvement of trade and development of closer ties/bonds with Myanmar relating to Border Trade, Land Customs Station (LCS) at Zokhawthar has been operated as Border Trade Point between India and Myanmar along Mizoram Border. Apart from this LCS, there is also a proposal for development of Land Customs Station (LCS) at Zorinpui (India Myanmar border) at a strategic point of Kaladan Multi-Modal Transit Transport Project which is going to be upgraded to Integrated Check Post (ICP). This LCS/ICP is expected to be an important export point from Mizoram. Land has already been provided for this Project. With the effort of this Department, There is already approval for development Border Haat between and Government of India and Government of Myanmar at Hnahlan, Zote, Vaphai and Pangkhua, Mode of Operation (MoO) is still under process.

(b) Border Trade with Bangladesh :

For development of Integrated Check Post (Border Trade Point between India and Bangladesh along Mizoram Border) at Kawrpuichhuah near Tlabung, the Department is effectively taking necessary steps and with immense effort in line with Land Port Authority of India (LPAI). There is also proposal for setting up of Border Haat at Silsuri, Marpara, Tuipuibari and Nunsuri. There is also a proposal for development of Land Customs Station (LCS) at Silsuri (India Bangladesh Border) at a strategic point of Indo-Bangla Border Trade.

3. Act East Policy:

The Act East Policy is not only a paradigm shift from West to East in its perspective, but also a shift from mainland India to Northeast India, a region which is traditionally regarded as neglected by the Centre. The Act East Policy is a new geographical imagination, where Northeast India and South Asia is one region with many possibilities.

The Act East Policy focuses on the extended neighborhood in the Indo-Pacific Region, with ASEAN as its core. *The objective of Act East Policy is to promote economic cooperation, cultural ties and develop strategic relationships with countries in the Indo-Pacific region through continuous engagement at bilateral, regional and multilateral levels, thereby providing enhanced connectivity in its broadest sense, including political economic, cultural and people to people relations.*

Apart from engaged in ASEAN, ASEAN Regional Forum (ARF) and East Asia Summit (EAS), India has also been actively engaged in regional cooperation such as Bay of Bengal Initiatives for Multi – Sectoral, Technical and Economic Cooperation (BIMSTEC), Asia Cooperation Dialogue (ACD), Mekong – Ganga Cooperation (MGC) and India Ocean Rim Association (IORA) etc, Besides, International Organization such as Asian Development Bank (ADB), World Bank, United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) etc have been entrusted to work with the Northeastern States on implementing AEP.

As far as Act East Policy is concerned, Government of Mizoram had keen interest in opening up of Gateway to South-East Asian countries through Indo-Myanmar. The North East of India has been a priority in Act East Policy. Various plans have been framed at bilateral and regional levels to develop and strengthen connectivity of Northeast with ASEAN region through trade, culture, people-to-people contacts and physical infrastructure (road, airport, telecommunication, power, etc.)

The Kaladan Multi Modal Transit Transport Project (KMMTTP) is a US \$484 million project for linking to Zorinpui LCS which is the main channel for connecting Sittwe port inside Myanmar has been taken up by Govt. of India and it is expected to complete in near future. Access to South East Asian countries will be

provided by KMMTTP road on both surface transport and waterways through Aizawl to Sittwe Port via Lawngtlai, Zorinpui and Paletwa. A suitable plot of land had been acquired with an area of 11.38 Hectare for the construction of ICP at Zorinpui which will be the main trading point in Indian side. This project will boost the economic development of the northeastern states, reduce travel time and cost between Kolkata and Mizoram, and counter China's expansion in the region.

4. Statistics of markets (number of markets and location):

AIZAWL DISTRICT

Sl. No.	Name of Market/Village	Mode of Management	Remarks
1	2	3	4
1	New Market	Commerce Wing	
2	Bawngkawn	Commerce Wing	
3	Vaivakawn	Commerce Wing	
4	Mission Veng	Commerce Wing	
5	Ngaizel	Commerce Wing	
6	Zemabawk North Market	L.C.	
7	College Veng	L.C.	
8	Bethlehem Vengthlang Road Side Market	L.C.	
9	Armed Veng Road Side Market	L.C.	
10	Maubawk Village Market under TFC	L.C.	
11	Sihphir Twin Market	V.C.	
12	Sihphir (Arpu veng)Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
13	Sihphir Vengthar	Forest	
14	Chanmari	L.C.	
15	Tanhril(Ramrikawn)	V.C.	
16	Ramhlun Market	Commerce Wing	
17	Salem Veng (Veg. Meat)	L.C.	
18	Roadside Market, Govt. Complex	L.C.	
19	I.T.I	L.C.	
20	Dawrpui Vengthar (Veg.Meat shop)	L.C.	
21	Salem Veng Village Market	L.C.	
22	Seling Road Side Market	V.C.	
23	Darlawn Road Side Market	V.C.	
24	Darlawn Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
25	Thingsulthliah Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
26	Sairang Village Market under TFC	Commerce Wing	
27	Sairang Dinthar	YMA	
28	Sairang Sihhmui	V.C.	
29	Melriat R/S Market	V.C.	
30	Tuirial R/S Market	V.C.	

31	Thiak R/S Market	V.C.	
32	Bungkawn Venglai	L.C.	
33	Tlungvel	V.C.	RPM
34	Luangmual	V.C.	RPM
35	Chawlhmmun	V.C.	RPM
36	Durtlang	V.C.	RPM
37	Sawleng	V.C.	RPM
38	Tuikual North	L.C.	RPM
39	Republic	L.C.	RPM
40	Chawnpui	L.C.	RPM
41	Dinthar	L.C.	RPM
42	Khawruhlian	V.C.	RPM
43	Muallungthu	V.C.	RPM
44	Ratu	V.C.	RPM
45	Suangpuilawn	V.C.	RPM
46	Phulpui (Building hi Khawnvar tui semnan an hman)	V.C.	
47	Seling	V.C.	RPM

Total of Markets within Aizawl District = 47

LUNGLEI DISTRICT

1	Lunglei Super Market	Commerce Wing	
2	AOC Veng	Commerce Wing	
3	Serkawn	Commerce Wing	
4	Tlabung	Commerce Wing	
5	Tiperaghat	Commerce Wing	
6	Phairuankai	Commerce Wing	
7	Tuichawng Road Side Market	Commerce Wing	
8	Kikawn Road Side Market	V.C	
9	Theiriat Road Side Market	V.C	
10	Lungsen Road Side Market	V.C	
11	Bualte R/S	V.C	
12	Rahsi Veng Village Market	Commerce Wing	
13	Thaizawl Village Market	V.C	
14	Pukpui	V.C	RPM
15	Haulawng	V.C	RPM
16	Tlabung	V.C	RPM
17	Zobawk	V.C	RPM
18	Hrangchalkawn	V.C	RPM
19	Thualthu	V.C	RPM
20	Vanhne	V.C	RPM
21	Tawipui 'S'	V.C	RPM

Total of Markets within Lunglei District = 21

HNAHTHIAL DISTRICT

1	Hnahthial	Commerce Wing	
2	Hnahthial Road Side Market (Electric Veng)	V.C	
3	Nauhruaikawn Market, Hnahthial	V.C	
4	Pangzawl Road Side Market	V.C	
5	Pangzawl	V.C	RPM
6	Thingsai	V.C	RPM
7	Thingsai Village Market under TFC	V.C	
8	South Vanlaiphai	V.C	RPM
9	Thiltlang R/S	V.C	
10	Leite R/S	V.C	
11	Cherhlun	V.C	

Total of Markets within Hnahthial District = 11

CHAMPHAI DISTRICT

1	Rahsi Veng Market, Champhai	Commerce Wing	
2	Champhai Bethel Market	V.C	
3	North Khawbung Bazar	V.C	
4	Farkawn	Sa sat/ Sa talh Association	
5	Zotlang	V.C	
6	Chhawrtui	V.C	
7	Melbuk	V.C	
8	Zokhawthar	V.C	
9	Hnahlan	V.C	
10	Tlangsam	V.C	
11	Khawbung	V.C	
12	Tuipui Road side market	V.C	
13	Dungtlang	V.C	
14	Vaphai	V.C	

Total of Markets within Champhai District = 14

KHAWZAWL DISTRICT

1	Khawzawl Dinthar	Commerce Wing	
2	Khawzawl Kawnzar	Commerce Wing	
3	Kawlkulh Road Side Market	V.C	
4	N.E Bualpui / Hliappui	V.C	LAD
5	Chhawrtui	V.C	RPM
6	Dulte Road Side Market	V.C	RPM
7	Lungtan Road Side Market	V.C	
8	Chawngtlai	V.C	RPM
9	Sialhawk	V.C	RPM
10	Khawhai	V.C	RPM

Total of Markets within Khawzawl District = 10

SERCHHIP DISTRICT

1	Serchhip Market (Kawnpui)	Commerce Wing	
2	Khumtung Road Side Market	V.C	
3	Chhiahtlang Road Side Market	V.C	
4	Thenzawl East Market	Commerce Wing	
5	New Serchhip Market	Commerce Wing	
6	Khumtung Road Side Market	V.C	RPM
7	Chhingchhip		
8	Thenzawl	V.C	RPM
9	Chhingchhip	VC	RPM

Total of Markets within Serchhip District = 9

SAITUAL DISTRICT

1	Keifang Road Side Market	V.C.	
2	Rulchawm Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
3	Ruallung Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
4	Saitual Village Market under TFC	Commerce Wing	
5	Phullen Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
6	Suangpuilawn Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
7	Keifang	V.C.	RPM
8	Kawlbem	V.C.	
9	N.E Khawdungsei	Commerce Wing	RPM
10	Ngopa	Commerce Wing	RPM

Total of Markets within Saitual District = 10

KOLASIB DISTRICT

1	Vairengte	Commerce Wing	
2	Buhchangphai Market	V.C	
3	Lungdai Village Market	V.C	
4	Bilkhawthlir Road Side Market	V.C	
5	Bilkhawthlir Market	V.C	
6	Bilkhawthlir 'W'	V.C	
7	Kawnpui Roadside Market	V.C	
8	Kawnpui Market	V.C	
9	Phaisen Village Market	V.C.	
10	N. Hlimen	V.C	
11	Nisapui Market	V.C	
12	Thingdawl Market	V.C	
13	Diakkawn	Commerce Wing	
14	Venglai, Kolasib	Commerce Wing	
15	Pangbalkawn	V.C	
16	Bukpui	V.C.	
17	Zanlawn	V.C.	
18	Saipum	V.C	

19	Saiphai	V.C	
20	Bairabi South	V.C	
21	Bairabi Market	V.C	

Total of Markets within Kolasib District = 21

MAMIT DISTRICT

1	Kanhmun	Commerce Wing	
2	Mamit	V.C	
3	Mamit Dinthar	Commerce Wing	
4	Mamit Bazar Veng	Commerce Wing	
5	Mamit Field Veng	V.C	
6	Lengpui Road Side Market	V.C	
7	Borai Road Side Market Zawlnuam	V.C	
8	Tuipuibari Village Market under TFC	V.C	
9	Bunghmun Village Market under TFC	V.C	
10	Zawlnuam Thuampui	V.C	
11	Zawlnuam Vengpui	V.C	RPM
12	West Phaileng (Dinthar)	V.C	RPM
13	Darlak	V.C	RPM
14	Reiek	V.C	RPM
15	Kanghmun	V.C	RPM
16	Rawpuichhip	V.C	RPM

Total of Markets within Mamit District = 16

Total = 159 Markets

Departmental = 31 Markets

Others (VC/LC) = 128 Markets

5. Abbreviations :

1. SASCI - Special Assistance to states under Capital Investment
2. IIPC - Integrated Industrial Promotion Centre
3. LCS - Land Customs Station
4. ICP - Integrated Check Post
5. MFPRTC - Mizoram Food Processing, Research and Training Centre
6. MoO - Mode of Operation
7. LPAI - Land Port Authority of India
8. ASEAN - Association of South East Asian Nations
9. KMMTTP - Kaladan Multi Modal Transit Transport Project
10. AEP - Act East Policy
11. RPM - Rural Primary Market
12. L.C. - Local Council
13. V.C. - Village Council
14. Y.M.A - Young Mizo Association
15. TFC - Twelfth Finance Commission
16. ARF - ASEAN Regional Forum
17. EAS - East Asia Submit