

No.B.11013/4/2021/DTE-IND(PLG)
GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM
DIRECTORATE OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRIES
MIZORAM :: AIZAWL

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Dated, Aizawl the 11th September, 2026

To,

The Under Secretary to the Government of Mizoram'
Commerce, Industries, Geology & Mining Department.

**Subject : Necessary Information for Economic Survey Report 2025 – 2026 –
regarding.**

Ref : No.G.28014/60/2026-PLG(RDB) dt. 13/8/2026

Sir/Madam,

With reference to your letter no cited above. I have the honour to submit
herewith Economic Survey Report 2026 – 2027 in respect of Commerce & Industries
Department for your kind information and necessary action.

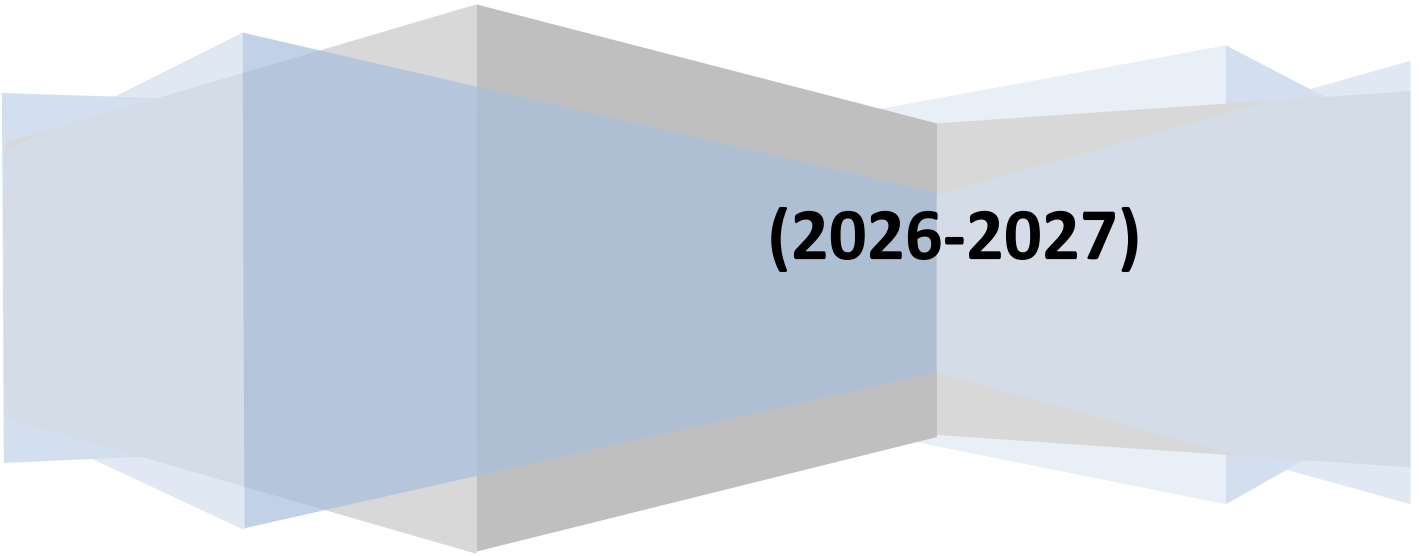
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Yours faithfully,

Sd/- (LALDINPUII)
Joint Director (Planning)
Commerce & Industries

ECONOMIC SURVEY REPORT

Commerce & Industries Department



(2026-2027)

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT WING

❖ (INFRASTRUCTURE) -

The State Government with its limited resources and geographical disadvantages had earmarked and developed industrial areas with basic infrastructure. These industrial areas, though not fully provided with required infrastructure, will solve the problem of industrial land for entrepreneurs desirous of starting Industrial unit to a great extent. Allotment of industrial plots in various industrial areas has been made as per the Mizoram Industrial Areas (Management, Regulation and Control) Act 2008 according to which allottees are levied one time allotment fee of ₹ 20/- Sq.mtrs and an annual fee of ₹ 3/- Sq.mtrs, which are submitted to the state government

Industrial Infrastructure Summary :-

Infrastructure Type	Location	No of Units Allotted	No of Operational	Employment Generated
Industrial Estate	<u>8 Location-</u> 1) Zuangtui, Aizawl 2) Hmunhmeltha, Champhai 3) Bairabi 4) Pangbalkawn 5) Meidum 6) Kolasib 7) Lawngtlai 8) Serchhip	194 1 1 1 4 17	194 1 1 1 4 17	
Food Park	-	-	-	-
EPI	Lengte	23	15	
IIDC	1) Pukpui, Luanglei 2) Zote, Champhai	10 8	10 8	
Investment Zone	-	-	-	-
Bamboo Technology Park	Sairang	4	4	
Industrial Growth Centre	Luangmual	75	37%	

Industrial Infrastructures (In details) :-

Sl. No.	Industrial Area	Total Area (in bighas)	Present Status
1	Industrial Estate, Zuangtui	314.70	Out of 227 demarcated, 200 plots are allotted to 174 Industrial units. 27 plots are reserved for departmental use.
2	Industrial Growth Centre, Luangmual	766.42	754 Nos. of plots are allotted to 75 units and expected to accommodate some more enterprise
3	Export Promotion	1390.22	23 Nos. Of plot are allotted to 23 units

	Industrial Park, Lengte		out of which 15 units are in operation while the rest are in developing stage.
4	Bamboo Technology Park, Sairang	130.13	Utilised by BDA for bamboo processing plant
5	Integrated Infrastructure Development centre (IIDC), Pukpui	76.68	10 units were given plots. Some portion of the land is utilised by NIELIT.
6	Integrated Infrastructure Development centre (IIDC), ChamphaiZote	74.12	Temporarily allotted for District Session Court for 5 year (w.e.f. 2017) and 8 Nos. Of unit allotted.
7	Industrial Estate, Hmunhmeltha, Champhai	104.40	Yet to be developed
8	Industrial Estate, Bairabi	26.20	Allotted MAMSOL Apex bank for marketing ginger spices etc.
9	Industrial Area, Pangbalkawn (for Saw Mill)	18.97	1 unit allotted for Saw Mill
10	Industrial Estate, Meidum (for Saw Mill)	1338 Sqm	1 No. Of units allotted for Saw Mill
11	Industrial Estate, Kolasib	32.33	Some portion are utilised as District Industries Centre and being constructed Flatted Factory Complex
12	Industrial Estate, Serchhip, Darnam	1.719	Yet to be developed
13	Industrial Estate, Lawngtlai	21.45	Out of 20 plots demarcate, 17 units were allotted

❖ **DEVELOPMENT OF FLATTED FACTORY COMPLEX -**

Under the three components of Promotion of MSMEs in NER & Sikkim, Development of Industrial Estate is included. The State Govt. approved development and construction of 4 (four) nos. of Flatted Factory Building viz Development of Flatted Factory Complex at (i) IGC, Luangmual, (ii) IIDC Pukpui, Lunglei, (iii) IIDC Zote, Champhai and (iv) DIC Complex, Kolasib amounting to Rs.44.88 Crore which is under the Promotion of MSMEs in NER and Sikkim, Ministry of Micro Small and Medium Enterprises, Govt. of India.

All four projects are currently under execution since 29th September, 2023 and are planned to be completed within 2 years.

Below is given brief information on Construction of 4 Flatted Factories building in four places :-

S/1	Name of Project	Location	Project Amount (in Rs Cr.)	Status
1.	Development of Flatted Factory Complex	IGC, Luangmual	9.9845	Ongoing
2.	Development of Flatted Factory Complex	IIDC Pukpui, Lunglei	9.9796	Ongoing
3.	Development of Flatted Factory Complex	IIDC Zote, Champhai	9.9336	Completed
4.	Development of Flatted Factory Complex	DIC Complex, Kolasib	14.9900	Ongoing

Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) & Operations and Maintenance (O & M) for these coming Flatted Factory buildings are being prepared so that systematic utilization of the Factory Buildings is executed.

Utilisation Certificate has been furnished to MoMSME for release of the 2nd and final installment for continuation of the construction of the Flatted Factory buildings.

❖ THE MIZORAM HANDHOLDING (BANA-KAIH) SCHEME -

The Mizoram Handholding Scheme was launched by the Government of Mizoram in 2024. It is a flagship initiative aimed at fostering entrepreneurship and self-employment among the youth, women, and first-time entrepreneurs of the state. The scheme was introduced to overcome challenges commonly faced by aspiring entrepreneurs in preparing project reports, obtaining bank loans, and completing procedural requirements under various government programmes.

Convergence with other schemes of Government of India such as PMEGP, PMFME, PMMY, SUI and KCC.

Bank Loans for Progress Partners to be collateral free-through contribution of fund to the corpus of MzCGTMSE by the State Government of Mizoram for 100% guarantee for the Progress Partners has been made available for which the State Government will act as Guarantor.

Under Commerce & Industries Deptt, there is a dedicated Cell for this purpose named Handholding (Bana-Kaih) Cell. In addition to this RAMP(MSME)

and Learning Links contribute much in handling Handholding Progress Partners under Commerce & Industries Department.

Commerce & Industries Department (RAMP-MSME) has formulated a dedicated scheme portal specially designed for Handholding Scheme using which Progress Partners will submit their bankable DPR.

Commerce & Industries Department is one of the 19 partner state-holder Departments under this Scheme. Under this Department there are 47 numbers of activities/trades out of which Progress Partners will select their trade choice.

The Mizoram State Policy Coordination Committee (MSPCC) constituted under Handholding(Bana-Kaih) Scheme selected 169 nos. of Progress Partners (*i.e from implementation till date*) under this Department.

No of PP Selected by MSPCC	Loan disbursed as on 12.8.2026	Under Process/withheld/Others etc
169	120	136

Chief Minister's Special Package (CMSP) under Handholding (Bana-Kaih) Scheme -

Under this Scheme there are 1660 nos. of Progress Partners (*i.e from implementation till date*).

❖ PRADHAN MANTRI FORMALIZATION OF MICRO FOOD PROCESSING ENTERPRISE (PMFME) SCHEME -

Introduction to the Scheme :

Pradhan Mantri Formalization of Micro Food Processing Enterprise (PMFME) Scheme is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme launched by the Ministry of Food Processing Industries (MoFPI), Government of India on 29th June 2020. The Directorate of Commerce & Industries, Govt. of Mizoram is integrated as State Nodal Agency (SNA) for the implementation of the Scheme.

Loan & Credit Linked Subsidy :

Under this scheme Individual Micro Food Processing Units, SHG's, FPO and Cooperative Societies would be provided bank loan @55% along with credit linked subsidy @35% of the total project cost (subsidy not exceeding 10

lakh) the remaining 10% would be met by the beneficiaries. Furthermore, District Resource Person's (DRP's) are appointed by the SNA to provide handholding support to the beneficiaries. Handholding Support may be in the form of preparation of DPR, taking bank loan, support for obtaining necessary registration and licenses including food standards of FSSAI, Udyog Aadhar, GST.

Seed Capital :

Seed Capital will be provided to SHG's for capital investment and purchase of small tools essential for running their businesses. Provisions for Seed Capital is @ Rs. 40,000/- per SHG member. Mizoram State Rural Livelihood Mission (*as SRLM*) and Urban Development & Poverty Alleviation Department (*as SULM*) act as implementing agencies under SNA to identify and disburse funds to SHG's.

State Level Technical Institute :

Mizoram Food Processing Research and Training Center (MFPRTC) was approved as the State Level Technical Institute (SLTI). Common Incubation Centre (CIC) was setup in MFPRTC, wherein Food Safety Testing, Processing & Packaging Lines and Training under Food Processing can also be done.

Current Status Under PMFME Scheme :-

1.	Individual Beneficiaries	74
2.	Seed Capital Beneficiaries	3101
3.	Training under PMFME Scheme	70

❖ REGISTRATION OF ENTERPRISES UNDER UDYAM REGISTRATION PORTAL (MOMSME) -

Udyam Registration (Online Portal) is for Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) to get official recognition from the Government which is mandatory to avail benefits like access to credit, subsidies and various Govt schemes.

In Mizoram there are many non-farming enterprises engaged in manufacturing and service sectors which are registered by Ministry of Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MoMSME) through Udyam Registration Portal. Till 30th September, 2025 there are 33279 numbers of registered enterprises

which are given Udyam Registration MoMSME. The total numbers of registered enterprises are inclusive of those located in urban areas in some localities of both Aizawl Municipal Corporation and Lunglei Municipal Council areas.

Below is given District-wise registration Status as on 30th September, 2025 :-

Sl. No.	Name of District	No. of enterprises
1	Aizawl	17958
2	Lunglei	3203
3	Siaha	572
4	Champhai	2445
5	Kolasib	2820
6	Serchhip	2199
7	Lawngtlai	1162
8	Mamit	1184
9	Khawzawl	498
10	Saitual	788
11	Hnahthial	452
	Total	32279

❖ **PRIME MINISTERS'S EMPLOYMENT GENERATION PROGRAMME(PMEGP) -**

PMEGP is a credit-linked subsidy programme designed for educated unemployed youths of India. It is generated to foster self employment opportunities through establishment of micro enterprises in the non-farm scheme. and is implemented by Khadi & Village Industries Commission(KVIC) under Ministry of MSMEs.

Eligibility :

- Any individual above the age of 60.
- PMEGP covers Manufacturing, Service/Trade activities. In Mfg. sector ratio of project cost would be 60% (plant & machinery) and 40% (working capital). In service sector ration of project cost would be 40% (plant & machinery) and 60% (working capital).
- Assistance under the PMEGP scheme is available only for new projects.

Subsidy / Margin Money :

- Margin Money subsidy will be available to the loanees.
- Those in rural areas may be eligible to avail 35% of the total loan sanctioned and 25% for those in urban areas.
- Claim of Margin Money subsidy is available subject to regular repayment of loan with interest.

- iv. Margin Money will be available for project cost upto Rs. 50 lakhs in manufacturing sector.

Implementing Agencies :

- i. Central KVIC
- ii. State KVIB
- iii. District Industries Centres (DICs)
- iv. (iv) All Public Sector Banks
- v. All Regional Banks, Co-operative Banks, Private Sector Scheduled Commercial Banks regulated by RBI.
- vi. Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI).

Entrepreneurship Development Programme(EDP) training course :

Those selected to avail Bank loan under PMEGP are required to go through compulsory EDP training course after sanctioned by Banks before actual disbursement of Loan.

Bank Finance :

Bank will sanction 95% of the project cost in case of Special category of the beneficiary which include SC,ST/OBC, Minorities, Women, Ex-Servicemen, Transgenders, Differentlyabled NER, Aspirational Districts, Hill and Border areas notified by Govt.

Admissible activities :

In addition to manufacturing and service sector trade activities PMEGP credit-link opportunities can cover rearing of cattles and goatery/goat-rearing (diary purpose), piggery and poultry farming.

Negative List :

Sale of tobacco products, activities/business connected with meat (slaughtered) processing, canning, intoxicant items like Pan/Cigarrets/ etc.

Targer & Achievement during the year 2025 - 2026.

Sl. No	Districts	No. of Projects	Margin money claimed (in lakh Rs.)	Application submitted during the period	Expected employment
1.	Aizawl	32	100.56	52	572
2.	Champhai	9	28.28	8	88
3.	Hnahthial	3	9.43	0	0
4.	Khawzawl	3	9.43	3	33
5.	Kolasib	6	18.85	5	55
6.	Lawngtlai	9	28.85	10	110

7.	Lunglei	13	40.85	13	143
8.	Mamit	7	21.99	6	66
9.	Siaha	5	15.71	9	99
10.	Saitual	5	15.71	10	110
11.	Serchhip	6	18.85	7	77
	Total	98	307.92	123	1353

Note : Targets for Projects and Margin Money are merely tentative and can be crossed.

- Margin Money subsidy** released to is expected to reach Rs. **307.92** lakhs.
- Employment** generated from the project sanctioned from implementation of the Scheme for the year is expected to reach 1353.

PMEGP Scheme converged with Handholding (Bana-Kaih) Scheme :

The ongoing State Government scheme of Mizoram Handholding (Bana-kaih) Scheme has been proposed to be converged with other Central sponsored Government credit-linked schemes under various Deptt and other existing bank loans like PMEGP, PMMY (Mudra), PMFME, KCC, CC etc.

Under Commerce & Industries Department, District Industries Center (DIC) is an important PMEGP implementing agency along with Central KVIC and State KVIB. Commerce & Industries Department is in full swing to converge all applications under Mizoram Handholding (Bana-Kaih) Scheme with PMEGP so as to enable Progress Partners to avail dual benefits from the credit-linked bank loans i.e. availing 100% interest subvention under the Mizoram Handholding (Bana-Kaih) Scheme and Margin Money subsidy under PMEGP.

❖ PRIME MINISTERS'S EMPLOYMENT -

State Incentive Subsidy (SIS) is an incentives subsidy scheme made available for registered, existing and functioning Industrial Unit.

State Incentive Subsidy had been granted to a Firm with an Udyam Registration holder as reimbursement system as permitted by the Mizoram Industrial Policy, 2012. Other supporting documents need to be enclosed in claim papers. Below is brief note on disbursement & various subsidies during 2024-25.

S/1	Name of Subsidy	Eligibility	No. of Benefi- ciaries	Amount Granted (Rs.)
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1	Subsidy on Cost of Project Report	New Industrial Units established within 5 years of their existence	-	-
3	Factory Rent Subsidy	New MSME occupying factory sheds within a designated industrial area on a monthly or annual rent basis will receive subsidized rent for a period of 5 years from the start of production.	-	-
4	Man Power Development Subsidy	New and existing Industrial Units.	-	-
5	Interest Subsidy	New Industrial unit.		-
6	Power Subsidy	New MSME for a period of 5 years from the date of commencement of production.	9	4086546.00
7	Subsidy on Power Line	New MSME for a period of 5 years from the date of commencement of production.		-
8	Subsidy on Power Generating Set	New MSME for a period of 5 years from the date of commencement of production.	3	900000
9	State Transport Subsidy on Plant & Machineries	New MSME for a period of 5 years from the date of commencement of production.	1	143300
		Total :	13	5129846

Disbursement during the Financial Year 2025-26

A fund amounting to Rs. 41,29,846/- (Rupees fifty lakh twenty nine thousand eight hundred forty six only) was disbursed to 13 Industrial units as SIS under the Mizoram Industrial Policy

NORTH EAST INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME (NEIDS), 2017

The North East Industrial Development Scheme (NEIDS), 2017 was introduced by the Government of India to promote industrial development and encourage new investments in the North Eastern States. The scheme aimed to create employment opportunities, improve industrial infrastructure and support the growth of existing and new industries in the region.

Under the scheme, eligible industrial units were provided various incentives to reduce the cost of investment and encourage them to set up or expand their businesses. The scheme was applicable to the eight North Eastern States.

Major Incentives

1. Central Capital Investment Incentive for Access to Credit (CCIIAC): Eligible industrial units could receive capital investment support to help meet part of their investment requirements.
2. Central Interest Incentive (CII): Eligible units were provided interest support on loans taken for investment in the industrial unit.

3. Central Comprehensive Insurance Incentive (CCII): Reimbursement of insurance premiums was provided to eligible industrial units.
4. Goods and Services Tax (GST) Reimbursement: Eligible units could receive reimbursement of the Central Government's share of GST on eligible transactions, subject to the conditions of the scheme.
5. Employment Incentive: Support was provided to encourage industrial units to create employment opportunities in the region.
6. Income Tax Reimbursement: Eligible units were provided reimbursement of the Central Government's share of income tax, as applicable under the scheme.

Achievement of Mizoram during 2025-26

A fund amounting to Rs. 1,11,59,000/- (Rupees One Crore Eleven Lakh Fifty-Nine Thousand only) was disbursed to one (1) industrial units as Central Capital Investment Incentive for Access to Credit (CCIIAC) under the North East Industrial Development Scheme (NEIDS), 2017.

❖ RAISING AND ACCELERATING MSME PERFORMANCE -

Progress of RAMP on MSME Elevation

1. Udyam Registration :

Udyam Registration continues to be a key priority under the RAMP initiative as it provides MSMEs with several operational and financial benefits such as easier access to bank credit, eligibility for government tenders, tax exemptions, and protection against delayed payments.

In Mizoram, the Directorate of Commerce & Industries (C&I Department) has intensified efforts to formalize MSMEs through ongoing **district-level Udyam registration drives**. These drives specifically target rural entrepreneurs and small-scale producers who are yet to be registered under the Udyam portal.

The RAMP Helpline Team is also extending support by conducting **awareness and call campaigns**, explaining the importance of Udyam registration, eligibility criteria, and the benefits MSMEs can access through it. This initiative aims to bring unregistered enterprises into the formal system, ensuring that no entrepreneur is left behind.

2. MSME Portal Development (in Mizo Language) :

The development and enhancement of the **MEMiz Portal** (<https://memiz.mizoram.gov.in/>) is underway to strengthen digital access for local entrepreneurs. The portal is being expanded into a **single-window digital platform** to provide information, registration, and service delivery for MSMEs across Mizoram.

The upgraded version will feature a **Mizo-language interface**, ensuring inclusivity and accessibility for rural entrepreneurs who may face language barriers. Through this platform, MSMEs will be able to:

- Access and apply for various government schemes and subsidies.
- Stay updated about training programmes, policy notifications, and workshops.
- Track enterprise status and receive tailored business support.

The **C&I Department**, in coordination with the **IT Wing and RAMP Technical Team**, is currently working on the interface and database integration.

3. MSME Helpline System :

The establishment of a **centralized MSME Helpline System** is in progress to provide consistent, reliable, and accessible support for entrepreneurs across Mizoram. The toll-free helpline will serve as a **direct communication channel** between MSMEs and government support systems.

The service will cover assistance related to:

- Registration support (Udyam, ODOP, PMEGP, etc.).
- Guidance on financial schemes, bank linkages, and training programmes.
- Marketing and product promotion support.

The **C&I Department**, in collaboration with the **RAMP Helpline Team**, is finalizing the helpline's integration with the MEMiz Portal. Awareness materials such as posters, digital messages, and radio promotions are being prepared to publicize the service. The **MSME Cell within the Directorate of Commerce & Industries** will serve as the **primary escalation point** for complex or unresolved industry-related queries.

4. District-Level Staff Deployment and MSME Verification :

Under RAMP, **33 staff members** have been deployed across all **11 districts of Mizoram** to strengthen the implementation framework at the local level. These personnel are responsible for conducting **call-based verification, spot verification, and on-site data collection** for Udyam-registered MSMEs.

As part of the verification process, MSME profiles are being cross-checked, validated, and linked with the MEMiz Portal for transparency and easy access to state and central schemes.

To date, **2,6822 MSMEs** have been successfully verified and onboarded to the portal, with verification drives continuing across districts such

as Aizawl, Lunglei, Champhai, Kolasib, and Serchhip. The deployment has greatly improved **real-time data accuracy** and **district-level coordination**, ensuring that the state's MSME ecosystem remains updated and responsive to local economic trends.

Under RAMP 10.223 Crore budget has been approved during the year 2026 – 2027.

❖ **WRITE UP ON BAMBOO & WOOD CARPENTRY CLUSTERS IN MIZORAM -**

The Bamboo Development Agency (BDA) is closely associated with Development Commissioner (Handicrafts), Ministry of Textiles. Many Handicraft artisans have been provided artisan Identity card under Cane and Bamboo craft as below:

1. Khawzawl	-	66 artisans
2. Chite, (Aizawl District)	-	19 artisans
3. Edenthlar (Aizawl District)	-	27 artisans
4. Sesawng (Aizawl District)	-	38 artisans
5. Champhai	-	31 artisans
6. Mamit	-	5 artisans

There are 2(two) different programmes that can be availed by registered artisans as below:

A. National Handicraft Development Programme;

1. Marketing support & Services
2. Skill Development in handicraft sector
3. Ambedkar Hastshilp Vikas Yojana
4. Direct benefit to artisans (welfare)
5. Infrastructure and Technology support
6. Research & Development

B. Comprehensive Handicrafts Cluster Development Scheme (CHCDS)

For more in-depth study of the programme website: handicrafts.nic.in can be visited.

Under the National Bamboo Mission (NBM) scheme and State fund the Bamboo Development Agency has also set up different Bamboo Handicraft Cluster and BDA has imparted different training programme in collaboration with different agencies like North East Cane and Bamboo Development Council, Assam, United Nations Industrial Development

Organization, United Nations Development Programme, National Institute of Design, Ahmedabad and Bamboo and Cane Development Institute, Agartala.

List of Handicraft clusters are as below :-

1. Chite Bamboo Handicraft cluster	-	41 artisans
2. Sesawng Bamboo Handicraft cluster	-	34 artisans
3. Edentharr Bamboo Handicraft cluster	-	23 artisans
4. Rawpuichhip Bamboo Handicraft cluster	-	19 artisans
5. Khawruhlian Bamboo Handicraft cluster	-	31 artisans
6. Zemabawk Bamboo Handicraft cluster	-	37 artisans

Under NBM scheme of Innovative Intervention components such as establishment of Handicrafts/ cottage industry & life style products, furniture making and jewellery making can be availed by artisans including skill development training programmes.

Wood Carpentry Cluster: Under the scheme of Micro and Small Enterprises-Cluster Development Programme (MSE-CDP) of Ministry of Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME), Government of India, setting up of Common Facility Centre for Wood Carpentry Cluster, Baktawng has been approved and BDA is the Implementing Agency. This village is well known for their skill in wood carpentry. Under this society there are 158 active members at present. The following support can be availed under MSE-CDP as below:

- *Setting up of Common Facility Centre upto Rs. 10 and 30 crore*
- *Infrastructure Development upto Rs. 15 crore.*
- *Details can be seen from Ministry website.*

❖ TEXTILES, HANDLOOMS & HANDICRAFTS -

1. Sectoral overview : Handloom, Textiles & Handicrafts sector occupies a unique and important place in the indigenous textiles culture of Mizoram. After agriculture, handloom industry is one emerging sector that has generated huge employment for the skilled and unskilled labors. Mizoram has huge potential for investment particularly in the field of textiles and handicrafts. Due to its inherent strength for skilled work force and locally available raw materials, this sector is developing a lot in the state through several projects in the central sector as well as available financial assistance in the state plan scheme. The Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India is implementing several projects for the development and welfare handloom weavers in the country.

2. Achievements in the Handloom Sector under Key Indicators :

i. Production & Productivity :-

- Increase in fabric production through modernization and improved Zolooms and Fly shuttle frame loom.
- Enhanced yarn availability through Raw Material Supply Scheme.
- Diversification of products - from traditional fabrics to apparel, home furnishings, and accessories.

ii. Employment Generation :-

- Handloom sector continues to provide sustainable livelihood to over 18000 weavers across the state.
- Enhanced women participation (over 99% of workforce are women).
- Formation of self-help groups (SHGs) and weaver producer companies (WPCs) to promote collective growth.
- Employment created through cluster-based development under National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP).

iii. Skill Development & Capacity Building :-

- Training of weavers under Samarth Scheme (Skill Upgradation in Handloom Sector) covering cluster weavers.
- Establishment of Weaver's Service Centres (WSCs) providing technical support and design input.

iv. Infrastructure Development :-

- Financial assistance provided to selected beneficiaries for construction of individual workshed under Cluster Development Programme of NHDP.
- Establishment of Common workshed under BLC of NHDP
- Establishment of Mizoram Handloom Export Facilitation Hub, Thenzawl.

v. Marketing & Promotion :- Under Handloom Marketing Assistance (HMA) following events/exhibitions were organized across various districts in the state every year as per the target given by the Ministry of Textiles for promotion of local handloom and handicraft products to enhance income of weavers and artisans :

- 1) State Handloom Expo (Hatkargha Mela)
 - 2) District Handloom Expo (Tana-Bana)
 - 3) Exposure visits, Participation in various fairs and exhibitions
 - 4) Branding under Indian Handloom Mark and Indian Handloom Brand
 - 5) Authorized User's Camp for traditional handloom products
- Collaboration with fashion designers and retail brands to promote handloom in mainstream markets.

vi. Financial & Digital Inclusion :-

- Direct financial assistance through Weaver Mudra Scheme and PAHCHAN Cards for identity and credit linkage.
- Online Handloom Mark registration system

vii. Exports & International Outreach :-

- Steady growth in handloom exports, especially in home furnishing and fashion segments.
- Participation in international trade fairs and craft exhibitions.
- Recognition of Indian handloom globally through World Handloom Day celebrations and diplomatic gifting.

viii. Handloom Weavers' Welfare scheme :- Total no. of weavers enrolled under this scheme is as below :

1. Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana (PMJJBY) - 560 weavers
2. Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY) - 700 weavers

3. Brief write-up of implementation of schemes/project under :

a) Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) :- The Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India had formulated National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP) for integrated and holistic development of handlooms and welfare of handloom weavers to support weavers both within and outside cooperative fold including Self Help Groups etc. towards raw material, design inputs, technology up-gradation, marketing support through exhibitions.

Handloom, Textiles & Handicrafts Wing is being implemented the following components under NHDP for the development of weavers in the state :

(i) Small Cluster Development Programme (CDP) :- The following CDPs are being implemented -

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Buanhmun CDP | 11. E.Tuipui CDP |
| 2. S.Tuipui CDP | 12. Sesawng CDP |
| 3. Tuirial CDP | 13. Mualthuam North SCDP |
| 4. Lunglei East CDP | 14. Kanghmun South SCDP |
| 5. Khawzawl CDP | 15. Thingsulthliah SCDP |
| 6. Sailam CDP | 16. Mimbung SCDP |
| 7. Lungrang CDP | 17. Mualthuam North I SCDP |
| 8. E.Lungdar CDP | 18. Tawi SCDP |
| 9. Darzo CDP | |
| 10. Kawnpui CDP | |

(ii) Handloom Pockets under NHDP :

1. Thenzawl
3. Ngopa

(iii) *Market Promotion Scheme under NHDP* :- Under this component following expos are organized in various district of the state :

1. State handloom Expo (SHE)
2. District Handloom Expo (DHE)

b) NEC :- Mara Handloom & Weaving Centre at Council Vaih, Siaha under Special Development Project :

The total approved project cost is Rs.4.94 crore. The project target mainly to impart skill upgradation training on weaving to unemployed youths especially women within Siaha district to preserve the traditional textiles of this region. The project will increase the income of the rural weavers of the remote areas and it will help direct impact on the socio economic status of women in the community.

4. Problems, opportunities and future prospects :

PROBLEMS :

- Because of geography (hilly terrain, remote villages) transporting raw materials and finished fabrics is costlier and slower.
- Limited exposure to e-commerce and modern retail channels.
- Weaving seen as less remunerative; younger generation migrating to other professions.
- There may be issues of succession (elder weaver retires, no one takes over)
- Many weavers earn small incomes; inconsistent orders and large reliance on middlemen reduce margin.
- Lack of infrastructure (power supply, finishing, marketing) adds to cost and reduces competitiveness.

OPPORTUNITIES :

- The tradition of Mizo weaving, unique patterns and local motifs offers a differentiation point in domestic and global markets.
- The state has taken steps: e.g., GI-tagging the “MizoPuan” etc.
- Mizoram is geographically closer to Myanmar and Southeast Asia; the state focus paper notes potential business with SE Asian countries.
- The development of infrastructure such as the connection via the Kaladan Multi-Modal Transit Transport Project may open up trade corridors.
- By combining traditional motifs with modern apparel, home décor, accessories there is an opportunity to appeal to younger markets (both within India and abroad).
- Handloom can tie into tourism: visitors purchasing authentic handcrafts, weaving villages becoming experiential.
- Value addition by using GI products (finished garments, interiors, lifestyle segment) rather than just raw fabrics can raise incomes.

FUTURE PROSPECTUS :

- With improved connectivity, cluster development, branding, and export orientation, Mizoram's handloom sector has large room to grow.
- If younger weavers and designers are drawn into the sector through modern training, digital marketing, e-commerce, then the sector can evolve with global fashion trends.
- Emphasis on sustainability, eco-friendly production, authenticity may appeal to niche international consumers.

2.3 Handloom & Handicrafts :-

Indicator	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
Handloom societies (Nos)	Purview of RCS		
Looms (Nos)	3800	4500	5400
Production Value (₹ Cr)/mt	95.9Cr	113.6Cr	136.3Cr
Import Value (₹ Cr)/mt	Nil	Nil	Nil
Revenue Generated (₹ Cr)	Nil	Nil	Nil

COMMERCE WING ECONOMIC SURVEY 2026 – 2027

I. Departmental Performance during 2024 – 2025

1. Sectoral Overview –Realizing the agricultural sectors form the economic backbone of the state, provisions on agricultural Marketing through regulation and facilitation of agricultural marketing were made in order to safeguard the interest of marginal farmers. Besides, as envisaged in the Mizoram Accord of 1986, Border Trade with the friendly neighbouring countries was allocated to Commerce Wing under Commerce & Industries Department.

Under the Govt. of Mizoram Allocation of Business Rules, 2019, the following functions/ business are allocated to Commerce Wing under Commerce & Industries Department –

- 1) Promotion and Regulation of Trade & Commerce subject to provision of entry 33 of list in the 7th Schedule of the Constitution.

- 2) Trading by Non-Tribal (Regulation) Act, 1974 and Rules thereunder.
- 3) Border Trades.
- 4) Regulated Markets and Market Yards.
- 5) Village Market.
- 6) Inter-State-Trade.
- 7) Collection of toll taxes on roads/bridges connecting India and foreign countries.
- 8) The Competition Act, 2002.
- 9) Export strategy of the State.
- 10) Price regulation of meat, vegetables, cereals.

2. Achievement made in the Sector

- 1) **Agricultural Marketing:** Other than promotion of Agri-marketing in established markets, the Department act as facilitator in disposal of surplus products such as Cabbage, Tomato, Watermelon etc., so that the local farmers get remuneration price.
- 2) **Inter-State Trade and Market Administration:** Permits for movement of Agricultural produces beyond and into the state of Mizoram have been issued by Commerce & Industries Department (Commerce Wing) as per provision of **The Mizoram Agriculture Products (Prohibition of Movement) (Amendment) Order, 1999**, and Checkgates were opened at - (1) Vairengte (2) Kanhmun and (3) Bairabi. The Department collected revenue from these Checkgates in terms of permit fee and Checkgate pass. Opening of new Checkgate at more places will earn more revenue for the state in future.

The Department directly administered 21 Markets out of 157 markets within the State as per **The Mizoram Market (Regulation & Facilitation) Act, 2022** and from these markets we collected revenue in terms of Stall rent, Seat fee and Godown rent.

During 2024-2025, the Department collected Revenue **₹1,32,23,755.00** from the target of **₹220.00 lakh**.

3. Brief write-up of Implementation of Schemes/ Projects

- a) **Special Assistance to states under Capital Expenditure/Investment(SASCI/SASCE) during 2020-2021:**A fund amounting to Rs. 15.00 crore has been received from Special Assistance to states under Capital Expenditure/Investment (SASCE/SASCI) for Infrastructure Development for Border Trade Facilitation at LCS Zokhawthar during 2020-2021. The works has been completed as on **26thSeptember, 2025**.
- b) **North Eastern Council (NEC):**
- i. For construction of Lunglei Market and Trade Centre, NEC has approved **Rs. 14.03 crore**and implementation of the project is taken up by Mizoram PWD.The works has been completed on **16thJanuary, 2026**.
 - ii. For construction of Agriculture Market Building at West Phaileng, NEC has approved **Rs. 278.25 lakh** and implementation of the project is taken up by Mizoram PWD.The works has been completed on **31st July, 2026**.
- c) **State Schemes Project:**
- 1) **Aizawl City Centre Annexe:** This is a part of State Schemes Projects with an estimated amount of **Rs. 36.41 crore** and the Project will be completed on January, 2025.The works has been completed on **31st August, 2026**.
 - 2) **IIPC Hnahthial:** Construction of Integrated Industrial Promotion Centre (IIPC) at Hnahthialwith an estimated amountof**Rs. 846.77 lakh**from the State fund.The works has been completed on **30th April, 2026**.

4. Problems and Opportunities and future Prospects

The agricultural practices in Mizoram have been steady transforming from that of subsistence farming to commercial cultivation. The existing various market areas are very congested and there is limited space for further extension to tune with the changing situation. Besides, more man power is needed to stringent rules and regulations to control prices, management of markets and collection of more revenue, etc. Being located in a remote area and lack of export infrastructures, the people of Mizoram have little knowledge in the

process of export and import activities. Speedy development of border trade infrastructure is needed to keep pace with neighboring States.

Presently, Commerce Wing looks after and managed **157** markets directly or indirectly and three Checkgates for agriculture produces within Mizoram, construction of Market Infrastructures at various cities, towns, villages and roadsides are of great significance for farmers, traders and consumers as they provide livelihood and employment to thousands of families and earn revenue from these markets which further contributes in the State Economy.

Providing Trade facilities and conducting Export Awareness Programme and Development of Border Trade infrastructure such as Land Customs Station (LCS), Integrated Check Post (ICP) and Border Haat is expected to increase export and commercial activities with foreign Countries and the State of Mizoram can also act as a trade route for neighboring countries which will have a great impact on economy of the State.

1. Sectoral Statistics/ Brief Write-up

Under the Government of Mizoram Allocation of Business Rules, 2019, Commerce Wing under Commerce & Industries Department are allocated to –

- 1) *Promotion and Regulation of Trade & Commerce subject to provision of entry 33 of list in the 7th Schedule of the Constitution.*
- 2) *Border Trades.*
- 3) *Village Market.*
- 4) *Inter-State-Trade.*

1) PROMOTION AND REGULATION OF TRADE & COMMERCE (Trade Policies and Trade Facilitation) :

Many of the trade and enterprises in the State are in the informal sector. The absence of enabling act to introduce formalized trade and enterprises, a mechanism for collection of reliable data through either registration or returns or other mechanism for tracking economic activities, to set up marketplace while maintaining public safety and other norms has crippled the monitoring and promotional activities of this informal sector in the State.

The state presently lacks a statutory framework for the issuance of Trade Licenses or provisions enabling trader registration, thereby impeding effective trade monitoring and facilitation, inadequate Market Governance and the emergence of e-commerce. Many traders and enterprises who are presently engaged in an informal activity needs to be formalized and bring them under formal category.

For promotion of formalized trade and enterprises, healthy competition among traders and entrepreneurs, protect the economic interest of the indigenous marginal traders within the State from predatory and prohibitive marketing competition, the Department has decided to enact an enabling law to provide for the formalization and facilitation of trade and enterprises and efficient management of marketplaces within the State and other matters connected therewith called **“The Mizoram Trade and Enterprises (Formalization and Facilitation) Act, 2025”**.

Following a comprehensive examination of the existing act and the existing conditions of the State, the Department felt that there are significant gaps in the existing Act, particularly regarding trader provisions, trading policy and market management and considered opinion that it is expedient to address prevailing regulatory gaps under **The Mizoram Market (Regulation & Facilitation) Act, 2022 and The Mizoram Industrial and Investment Policy, 2025** with a view to make it more comprehensive to all trade and allied activities.

The enactment of a new act is envisaged to foster an organized trading environment, facilitate commercial growth, and enhance market oversight in Mizoram.

a. Promotion of Trade:

Providing Trade facilities and conducting Export Awareness Programme and Development of Border Trade infrastructure such as Land Customs Station (LCS), Integrated Check Post (ICP) and Border Haat is expected to increase export and commercial activities with foreign Countries and the State of Mizoram can also act as a trade route for neighboring countries which will have a great impact on economy of the State.

The Department use to conduct export orientation program such as Buyer Seller Meet and Export Awareness Program which is found to

be very effective program for exporters and entrepreneurs. For export facilitation, the department constructed and established **Mizoram Food Processing, Research and Training Centre (MFPRTC) at Seling**. Training on Food Processing and allied activities has been going on.

b. Export Strategy:

Regarding Export Strategy, District Export Promotion Committee (DEPC) was constituted in 2019 along with Terms of Reference (ToR). All DEPC are requested to prepare District Action Plan. This Export Strategy may be implemented within the State, it is learned that export potential may be existed on horticulture produces. For export promotion, infrastructure fund was released by APEDA within the State to facilitate export activities. State Action Plan was also submitted to Agriculture Export Policy (AEP) within APEDA for export promotion within the State.

Development of Border Trade Infrastructure is one of the main activities of the Department. The Department has been actively facilitating construction of infrastructures for the development of Border Trade along boundaries with countries of Myanmar and Bangladesh.

2) BORDER TRADE WITH MYANMAR AND BANGLADESH :

1. Border Trade with Myanmar and Bangladesh:

Development of Border Trade Infrastructure is one of the main activities of the Department. The Department has been actively facilitating construction of infrastructures for the development of Border Trade along boundaries with countries of Myanmar and Bangladesh.

(a) Border Trade with Myanmar:

For the improvement of trade and development of closer ties/bonds with Myanmar relating to Border Trade, Land Customs Station (LCS) at Zokhawthar has been operated as Border Trade Point between India and Myanmar along Mizoram Border. **Rs. 15.00 crore** has been received from Special Assistance to states under Capital

Expenditure/Investment (SASCE/SASCI) for Infrastructure Development for Border Trade Facilitation at LCS Zokhawthar during 2020-2021 and the works have been completed as on **26th September, 2025**. Apart from this LCS, there is also a proposal for development of Land Customs Station (LCS) at Zorinpui (India Myanmar border) at a strategic point of Kaladan Multi-Modal Transit Transport Project which is going to be upgraded to Integrated Check Post (ICP). This LCS/ICP is expected to be an important export point from Mizoram. Land has already been provided for this Project. With the effort of this Department, There is already approval for development Border Haat between and Government of India and Government of Myanmar at Hnahlan, Zote, Vaphai and Pangkhua, Mode of Operation (MoO) is still under process.

(b) Border Trade with Bangladesh:

For development of Integrated Check Post (Border Trade Point between India and Bangladesh along Mizoram Border) at Kawrpuichhuah near Tlabung, the Department is effectively taking necessary steps and with immense effort in line with Land Port Authority of India (LPAI). There is also proposal for setting up of Border Haat at Silsuri, Marpara, TuipuibariangNunsuri. There is also a proposal for development of Land Customs Station (LCS) at Silsuri (India Bangladesh Border) at a strategic point of Indo-Bangla Border Trade.

3) ACT EAST POLICY :

The Act East Policy is not only a paradigm shift from West to East in its perspective, but also a shift from mainland India to Northeast India, a region which is traditionally regarded as neglected by the Centre. The Act East Policy is a new geographical imagination, where Northeast India and South Asia is one region with many possibilities.

The Act East Policy focuses on the extended neighborhood in the Indo-Pacific Region, with ASEAN as its core. *The objective of Act East Policy is to promote economic cooperation, cultural ties and develop strategic relationships with countries in the Indo-Pacific region through continuous engagement at bilateral, regional and multilateral levels,*

thereby providing enhanced connectivity in its broadest sense, including political economic, cultural and people to people relations

Apart from engaged in ASEAN, ASEAN Regional Forum (ARF) and East Asia Submit (EAS), India has also been actively engaged in regional cooperation such as Bay of Bengal Initiatives for Multi – Sectoral, Technical and Economic Cooperation (BIMSTEC), Asia Cooperation Dialogue (ACD), Mekong – Ganga Cooperation (MGC) and India Ocean Rim Association (IORA) etc, Besides, International Organization such as Asian Development Bank (ADB), World Bank, United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) etc have been entrusted to work with the Northeastern States on implementing AEP.

As far as Act East Policy is concerned, Government of Mizoram had keen interest in opening up of Gateway to South-East Asian countries through Indo- Myanmar. The North East of India has been a priority in Act East Policy. Various plans have been framed at bilateral and regional levels to develop and strengthen connectivity of Northeast with ASEAN region through trade, culture, people-to-people contacts and physical infrastructure (road, airport, telecommunication, power, etc.)

The Kaladan Multi Modal Transit Transport Project (KMMTTP) is a US \$484 million project for linking to Zorinpui LCS which is the main channel for connecting Sittwe port inside Myanmar has been taken up by Govt. of India and it is expected to complete in near future. Access to South East Asian countries will be provided by KMMTTP road on both surface transport and waterways through Aizawl to Sittwe Port via Lawngtlai, Zorinpui and Paletwa. A suitable plot of land had been acquired with an area of 11.38 Hectare for the construction of ICP at Zorinpui which will be the main trading point in Indian side. This project will boost the economic development of the northeastern states, reduce travel time and cost between Kolkata and Mizoram, and counter China's expansion in the region.

4) Statistics of markets (number of markets and location) :

AIZAWL DISTRICT

Sl. No.	Name of Market/Village	Mode of Management	Remarks
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1	2	3	4
1	New Market	Commerce Wing	
2	Bawngkawn	Commerce Wing	
3	Vaivakawn	Commerce Wing	
4	Mission Veng	Commerce Wing	
5	Ngaizel	Commerce Wing	
6	Zemabawk North Market	CW & LC	
7	College Veng	L.C.	
8	Bethlehem Vengthlang Road Side Market	L.C.	
9	Armed Veng Road Side Market	L.C.	
10	Maubawk Village Market under TFC	L.C.	
11	Sihphir Twin Market	CW & V.C.	
12	Sihphir (Arpuveng)Village Market under TFC	CW & V.C.	
13	SihphirVengthar	Forest	
14	Chanmari	L.C.	
15	Tanhri(Ramrikawn)	V.C.	
16	Ramhlun Market	Commerce Wing	
17	Salem Veng (Veg. Meat)	L.C.	
18	Roadside Market, Govt. Complex	L.C.	
19	I.T.I	L.C.	
20	DawrpuiVengthar (Veg.Meat shop)	L.C.	
21	Salem Veng Village Market	L.C.	
22	Seling Road Side Market	V.C.	
23	Darlawn Road Side Market	V.C.	
24	Darlawn Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
25	Thingsulthliah Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
26	Sairang Village Market under TFC	Commerce Wing	
27	SairangDinthar	YMA	
28	SairangSihhmui	V.C.	
29	Melriat R/S Market	V.C.	
30	Tuirial R/S Market	V.C.	
31	Thiak R/S Market	V.C.	
32	BungkawVenglai	L.C.	
33	Tlungvel	V.C.	RPM
34	Luangmual	V.C.	RPM
35	Chawlhmun	V.C.	RPM
36	Sawleng	V.C.	RPM
37	Tuikual North	L.C.	RPM
38	Republic	L.C.	RPM

39	Chawnpui	L.C.	RPM
40	Dinthar	L.C.	RPM
41	Khawruhlian	V.C.	RPM
42	Muallungthu	V.C.	RPM
43	Ratu	V.C.	RPM
44	Suangpuilawn	V.C.	RPM
45	Phulpui (Building hi Khawnvartuisemnan an hmang)	V.C.	
46	Seling	V.C.	RPM

Total of Markets within Aizawl District = 46

LUNGLEI DISTRICT

1	Lunglei Super Market&Annexe	Commerce Wing	
2	AOC Veng	Commerce Wing	
3	Serkawn	V.C	
4	Tlabung	Commerce Wing	
5	Tiperaghat	Commerce Wing	
6	Phairuangkai	Commerce Wing	
7	Tuichawng Road Side Market	Commerce Wing	
8	Kikawn Road Side Market	V.C	
9	Theiriat Road Side Market	V.C	
10	Lungsen Road Side Market	V.C	
11	Bualte R/S	V.C	
12	RahsiVeng Village Market	Commerce Wing	
13	Thaizawl Village Market	V.C	
14	Pukpui	V.C	RPM
15	Haulawng	V.C	RPM
16	Tlabung	V.C	RPM
17	Zobawk	V.C	RPM
18	Hrangchalkawn	V.C	RPM
19	Thualthu	V.C	RPM
20	Vanhne	V.C	RPM
21	Tawipui 'S'	V.C	RPM

Total of Markets within Lunglei District = 21

HNAHTHIAL DISTRICT

1	Hnahthial	Commerce Wing	
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2	Hnahthial Road Side Market (Electric Veng)	V.C	
3	Nauhruaikawn Market, Hnahthial	V.C	
4	Pangzawl Road Side Market	V.C	
5	Pangzawl	V.C	RPM
6	Thingsai	V.C	RPM
7	Thingsai Village Market under TFC	V.C	
8	South Vanlaiphai	V.C	RPM
9	Thiltlang R/S	V.C	
10	Leite R/S	V.C	
11	Cherhlun	V.C	

Total of Markets within Hnahthial District = 11

CHAMPHAI DISTRICT

1	RahsiVeng Market, Champhai	Commerce Wing	
2	Champhai Bethel Market	Commerce Wing	
3	North Khawbung Bazar	V.C	
4	Farkawn	Sa sat Association	
5	Zotlang	V.C	
6	Chhawrtui	V.C	
7	Melbuk	V.C	
8	Zokhawthar	V.C	
9	Hnahlan	V.C	
10	Tlangsam	V.C	
11	Khawbung	V.C	
12	Tuipui Road side market	V.C	
13	Dungtlang	V.C	
14	Vaphai	V.C	

Total of Markets within Champhai District = 14

KHAWZAWL DISTRICT

1	KhawzawlDinthar	Commerce Wing	
2	KhawzawlKawnzar	V.C	
3	Kawlkulh Road Side Market	V.C	
4	N.E Bualpui / Hliappui	V.C	LAD
5	Chhawrtui	V.C	RPM
6	Dulte Road Side Market	V.C	RPM
7	Lungtan Road Side Market	V.C	
8	Chawngtlai	V.C	RPM

9	Sialhawk	V.C	RPM
10	Khawhai	V.C	RPM

Total of Markets within Khawzawl District = 10

SERCHHIP DISTRICT

1	Serchhip Market (Kawnpui)	Commerce Wing	
2	Khumtung Road Side Market	V.C	
3	Chhiahtlang Road Side Market	V.C	
4	Thenzawl East Market	V.C	
5	New Serchhip Market	Commerce Wing	
6	Khumtung Road Side Market	V.C	RPM
7	Chhingchhip		
8	Thenzawl	V.C	RPM
9	Chhingchhip	VC	RPM

Total of Markets within Serchhip District = 9

SAITUAL DISTRICT

1	Keifang Road Side Market	V.C.	
2	Rulchawm Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
3	Ruallung Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
4	Saitual Village Market under TFC	Commerce Wing	
5	Phullen Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
6	Suangpuilawn Village Market under TFC	V.C.	
7	Keifang	V.C.	RPM
8	Kawlbem	V.C.	
9	N.E Khawdungsei	V.C.	RPM
10	Ngopa	V.C.	RPM

Total of Markets within Saitual District = 10

KOLASIB DISTRICT

1	Vairengte	Commerce Wing	
2	Buhchangphai Market	V.C	
3	Lungdai Village Market	V.C	
4	Bilkhawthlir Road Side Market	V.C	
5	Bilkhawthlir Market	V.C	
6	Bilkhawthlir 'W'	V.C	
7	Kawnpui Roadside Market	V.C	
8	Kawnpui Market	V.C	
9	Phaisen Village Market	V.C.	
10	N. Hlimen	V.C	
11	Nisapui Market	V.C	

12	Thingdawl Market	V.C	
13	Diakkawn	Commerce Wing	
14	Venglai, Kolasib	Commerce Wing	
15	Pangbalkawn	V.C	
16	Bukpui	V.C.	
17	Zanlawn	V.C.	
18	Saipum	V.C	
19	Saiphai	V.C	
20	Bairabi South	V.C	
21	Bairabi Market	V.C	

Total of Markets within Kolasib District = 21

MAMIT DISTRICT

1	Kanhmun	Commerce Wing	
2	MamitDinthar	V.C	
3	Mamit Bazar Veng	V.C	
4	Mamit Field Veng	V.C	
5	Lengpui Road Side Market	V.C	
6	Borai Road Side Market Zawlnuam	V.C	
7	Tuipuibari Village Market under TFC	V.C	
8	Bunghmun Village Market under TFC	V.C	
9	ZawlnuamThuampui	V.C	
10	ZawlnuamVengpui	V.C	RPM
11	West Phaileng (Dinthar)	V.C	RPM
12	Darlak	V.C	RPM
13	Reiek	V.C	RPM
14	Kanghmun	V.C	RPM
15	Rawpuichhip	V.C	RPM

Total of Markets within Mamit District = 15

Total = 157 Markets

Departmental = 21 Markets

Others(VC/LC)= 128 Markets

Abbreviations :

1. SASCI - Special Assistance to states under Capital Investment
2. IIPC - Integrated Industrial Promotion Centre
3. LCS - Land Customs Station
4. ICP - Integrated Check Post
5. MFPRTC - Mizoram Food Processing, Research and Training Centre
6. MoO - Mode of Operation
7. LPAI - Land Port Authority of India
8. ASEAN - Association of South East Asian Nations
9. KMMTTP - Kaladan Multi Modal Transit Transport Project
10. AEP - Act East Policy
11. RPM - Rural Primary Market
12. L.C. - Local Council
13. V.C. - Village Council
14. Y.M.A - Young Mizo Association
15. TFC - Twelfth Finance Commission
16. ARF - ASEAN Regional Forum
17. EAS - East Asia Submit